



Gateshead
Joint Strategic Needs Assessment
2011/12

Section 19: uptake of health services

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Introduction to section 19 – uptake of health services

This section contains information on the numbers of people taking up health services already offered – the types of services that people can **choose** to take up. Information on secondary health care, such as the numbers of hospital procedures, appears in JSNA 2011 sections 12 (circulatory diseases), 13 (cancer) and 14 (adult physical health and long-term conditions). Client or patient views on services can be found in JSNA 2011 section 20.

This section includes figures on immunisations, health checks for looked after children, drug services, stop smoking services and mental health services. It is worth noting that benchmarking according to regional and national performance is uneven because different indicators are published at different times of the year and there are also sometimes changes in the way an indicator is measured. Findings on met needs come from a variety of sources.

Uptake of health services – headlines

Immunisation

Uptake of childhood immunisations rises in Gateshead - Primary health care services in Gateshead have achieved a significant increase in the levels of uptake of all childhood immunisations over the past five years. As an example, the uptake of the measles, mumps and rubella (MMR) immunisation at 2 years has increased from 83% to 91%. There is a continuing challenge to increase the proportion of children who are completely immunised against measles, mumps and rubella and so achieve the gold standard of 95% uptake or 'herd immunity' which ensures that all children have the best protection against these diseases. Uptake of 1st and 2nd dose MMR at 5 years is still only 83% in Gateshead. Maps of variations in uptake at ward level show where levels of uptake are lowest within the Borough.

Breast screening

The proportion of eligible women taking up screening in Gateshead has been falling slowly in recent years. There is a well-established national screening programme which aims to identify breast cancer at an early stage and thus increase the effectiveness of treatments. 79% of eligible women in Gateshead have been screened within the past three years compared to an average of 77% across England. There is a national target to achieve an uptake of at least 70%.

Cervical screening

20% of eligible women have not been screened within the recommended time period of five years. There is a national cervical screening programme in place to identify the disease at an early stage and 80% of eligible women in Gateshead have been screened within the past five years, which is similar to the national average uptake.

Uptake rates are lower in learning disabled women.

Chlamydia screening

Uptake of the Chlamydia screening programme rises in Gateshead and a similar proportion of young people test positive compared to England as a whole – healthcare services in Gateshead achieved an increase in the uptake of Chlamydia screening in 2009/10, but uptake was just short of the national target of 25% of the population 15-24 years. 5,700 screens were returned and 6% of these tested positive, similar to the proportion of positive screens returned nationally. Patterns of uptake and incidence are being studied so that this programme can be targeted towards those population groups where the rate of positive screens is highest.

Early access to maternity services

More women in Gateshead gain early access to maternity services than in England as a whole – over 90% of pregnant women in Gateshead currently see a midwife by 12 weeks of gestation compared to only 83% across England as a whole (based on quarter 4 09/10 to quarter 3 10/11 data).

Looked after children – health and dental checks

Over 90% looked after children in Gateshead are receiving an annual health check and have been fully immunised but fewer have their teeth checked – The proportion of children looked after in Gateshead who received an annual health check and who have been fully immunised is above the national average. A lower proportion (86%) had their teeth checked by a dentist, but this is the same as the national average.

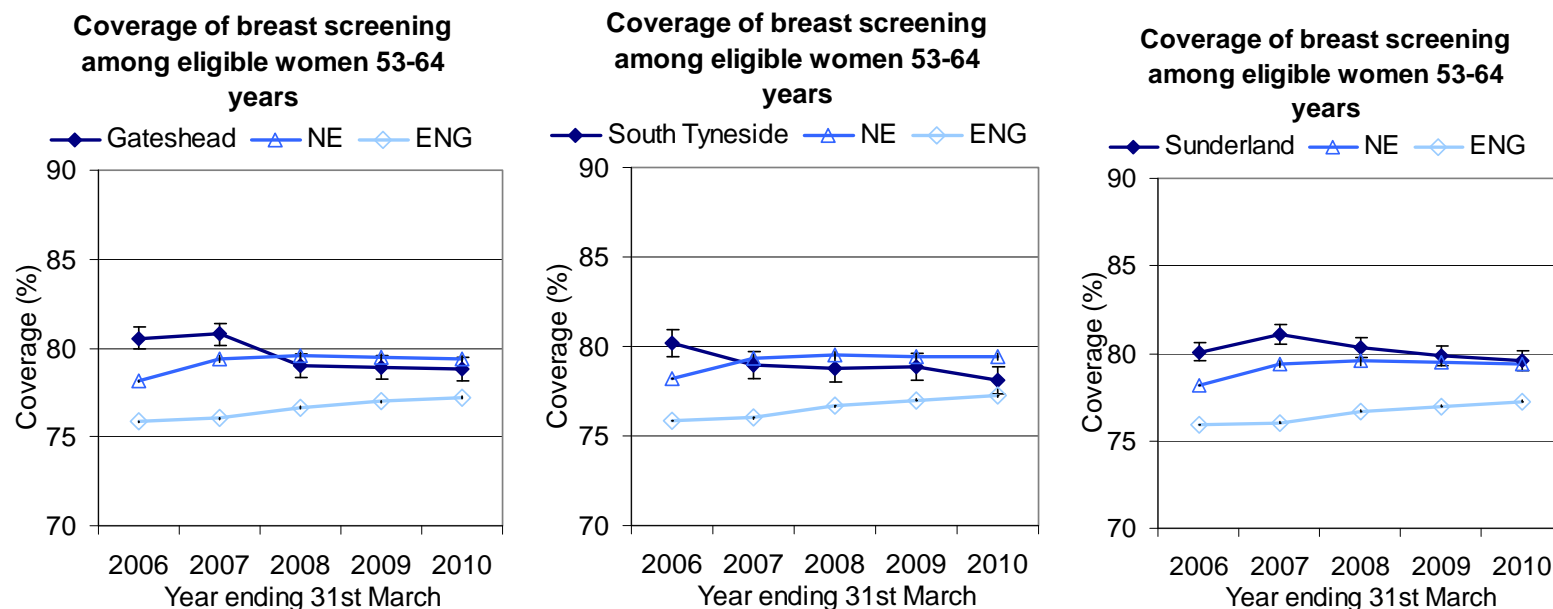
Stop smoking services

A very high proportion of adults smoke in Gateshead. Smoking is a key risk factor for lung cancer and deaths rates due to this disease are one and half times the national average among the Gateshead population. Supporting people to give up smoking will make a significant contribution to reducing health inequalities between Gateshead and England.

Around 7% of smokers in Gateshead now access NHS Stop Smoking Services each year. In 2007/08 40% of people setting a quit date had successfully quit at four weeks. The Service has successfully targeted routine and manual occupational groups, among which the proportion of adults that smoke is above the population average. Young males and people from ethnic minorities are under-represented among service users.

19.1 Uptake of screening services

19.1.1 Breast screening coverage (% of women < 3 years since last test) among eligible women ages 53 to 64 years



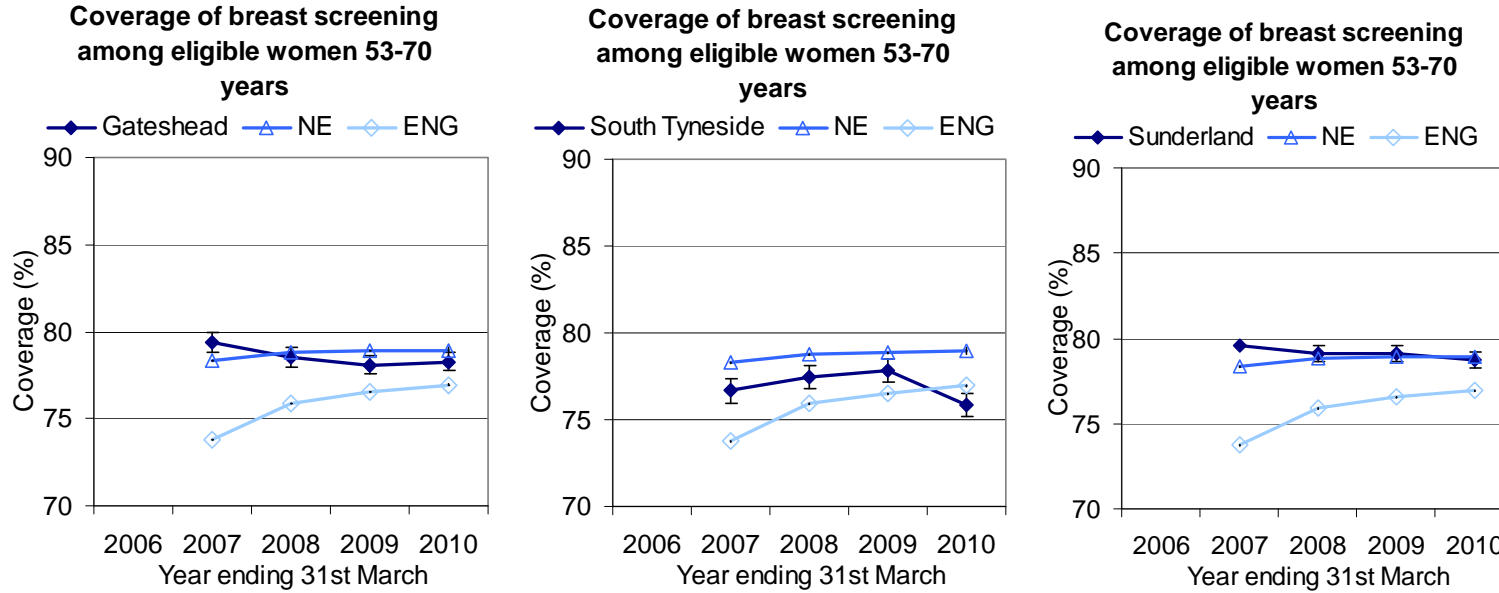
Year ending 31st March	Gateshead % coverage	Gateshead eligible women	S Tyneside % coverage	S Tyneside eligible women	Sunderland % coverage	Sunderland eligible women	NE % coverage	England % coverage
2006	80.6	14,523	80.1	10,713	80.1	19,957	78.2	75.9
2007	80.8	14,566	78.9	10,977	81.1	20,305	79.4	76.0
2008	79.0	14,750	78.7	11,120	80.3	20,619	79.5	76.7
2009	78.9	14,820	78.9	11,316	79.9	20,921	79.5	77.0
2010	78.8	14,820	78.1	11,492	79.6	21,102	79.4	77.2

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for the year 2010/11 will be published in January 2012.

The target coverage for the breast screening programme is currently 70%.
 Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England's at 95% confidence.

19.1.2 Breast screening coverage (% of women < 3 years since last test) among eligible women ages 53 to 70 years

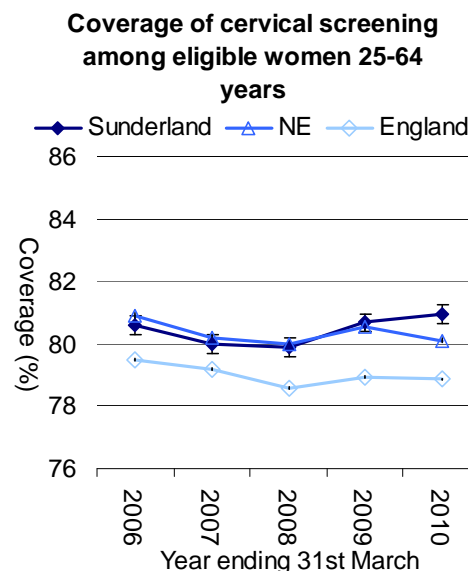
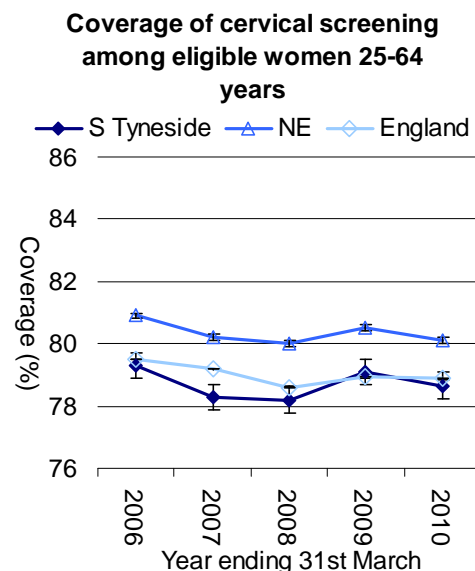
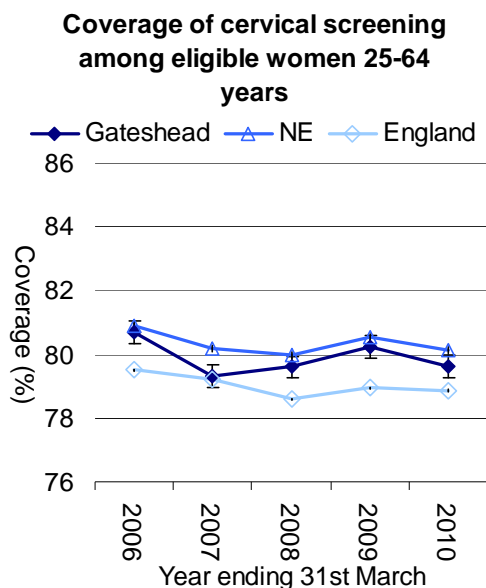
The upper age limit for eligibility for the breast screening programme was extended from 64 to 70 years in 2001. The last screening unit to adopt this change started inviting older women in 2006. Uptake within the new wider age range has been monitored since 2006/07.



Year	Gateshead % coverage	Gateshead eligible women	S Tyneside % coverage	S Tyneside eligible women	Sunderland % coverage	Sunderland eligible women	NE % coverage	England % coverage	The target coverage for the breast screening programme is currently 70%.
2006									
2007	79.4	20,632	76.7	15,413	79.6	28,269	78.3	73.8	
2008	78.5	20,755	77.4	15,474	79.1	28,569	78.8	75.9	Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than
2009	78.1	20,761	77.8	15,654	79.1	28,700	78.9	76.5	England's at 95%
2010	78.3	20,834	75.8	15,848	78.7	29,034	78.9	76.9	

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for the year 2010/11 will be published in January 2012.

19.1.3 Coverage of cervical screening (% of women < 5 years since last adequate smear) among eligible women ages 25 to 64 years



Year ending 31 Mar	Gateshead % coverage	Gateshead eligible women	S Tyneside % coverage	S Tyneside eligible women	Sunderland % coverage	Sunderland eligible women	NE % coverage	England % coverage
2006	80.7	50,000	79.3	36,600	80.6	70,000	80.9	79.5
2007	79.3	51,200	78.3	37,000	80.0	70,600	80.2	79.2
2008	79.6	50,900	78.2	37,000	79.9	70,100	80.0	78.6
2009	80.2	51,000	79.1	36,900	80.7	69,900	80.5	78.9
2010	79.6	51,046	78.7	37,019	80.9	69,919	80.1	78.9

Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England's at 95% confidence.

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for year ending 31 March 2011 will be published in Oct. 2011

19.1.4 Cervical screening in learning disabled women

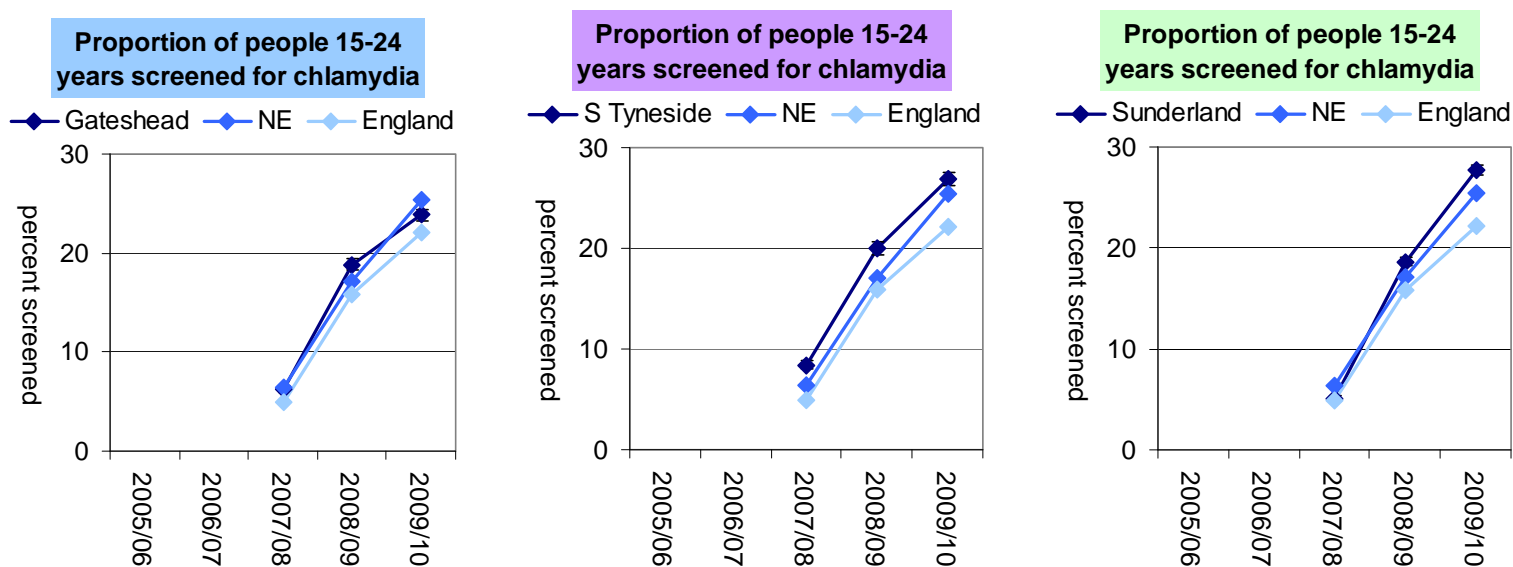
The objective of a 2007 audit ([Cervical Screening Coverage for Gateshead, South Tyneside and Sunderland as of 31st March 2007](#)) was to understand the profile of patients who were not accessing screening services across the South of Tyne and Wear.

Equitable health care for people with learning disabilities is an issue currently receiving attention nationally and locally. People with learning disabilities have poorer access to health services, which could leave them vulnerable to poor health and well-being both in the short and long term. National evidence suggests that breast and cervical screening are used less by women with learning disabilities. A local study, on which a report was produced in October 2008 ([Cancer screening uptake within the female learning disabled population in Gateshead](#)), aimed to identify measures to increase uptake of screening services within the learning disabled population, so that future rates of breast and cervical cancer are reduced in this population. The study was conducted in two parts. The first was a health equity audit, where the non-attendance data for breast and cervical screening were compared between learning disabled and non-learning disabled populations in Gateshead. The second part consisted of discussion groups with learning disabled women, their parents/carers and learning disabled staff.

There is ongoing work across the district with general practice, to try to increase the uptake of screening amongst the learned disabled.

19.1.5 Uptake of chlamydia screening programme

Percentage of 15-24 year old people screened for Chlamydia within each financial year. In 2009/10 there was a national target to screen 25% of people in the 15-24 years age group. In 2010/11 the target is to screen 35% of people in this age group. (Numbers of positive screens appear in JSNA section 13)

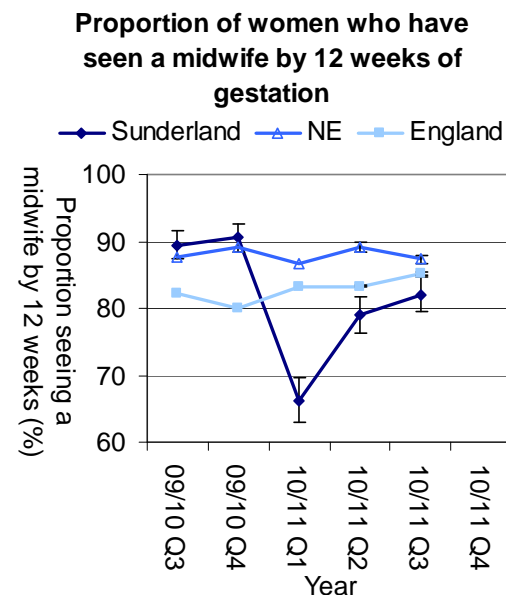
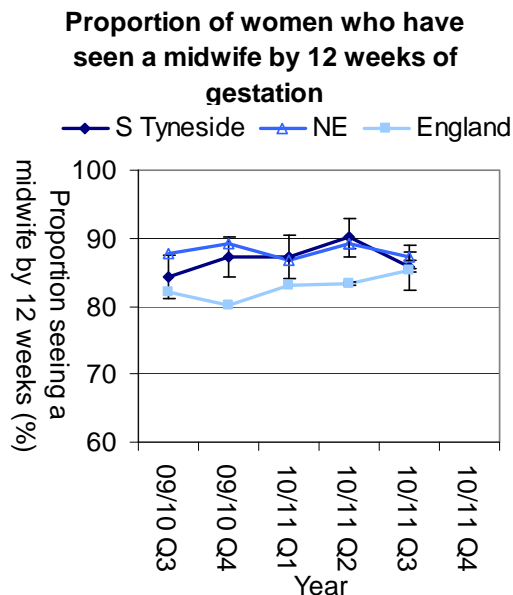
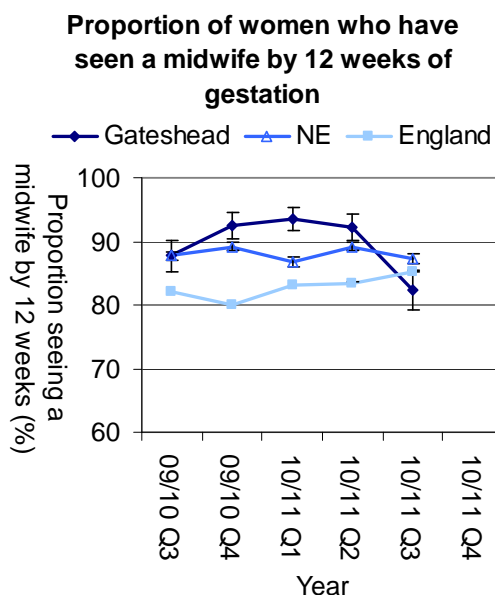


Year	Gateshead Number of screens	Gateshead % of population 15- 24 years screened	S Tyneside Number of screens	S Tyneside % of population 15- 24 years screened	Sunderland Number of screens	Sunderland % of population 15- 24 years screened	NE % of population 15- 24 years screened	England % of population 15- 24 years screened
2005/06								
2006/07								
2007/08	1,517	6.3	1,674	8.4	2,034	5.1	6.4	4.9
2008/09	4,519	18.8	3,978	20.0	7,439	18.6	17.1	15.9
2009/10	5,766	23.8	5,505	26.9	10,599	27.7	25.4	22.1

Source: National Chlamydia Screening Programme at www.chlamydia-screening.nhs.uk/ps

19.2 Uptake of maternity services: proportion of pregnant women who see a midwife by 12 weeks of gestation

The percentage of women who have seen a midwife or a maternity healthcare professional, for health and social care assessment of needs, risks and choices by 12 weeks and 6 days of pregnancy. Statistics have only been published since Q3 09/10.



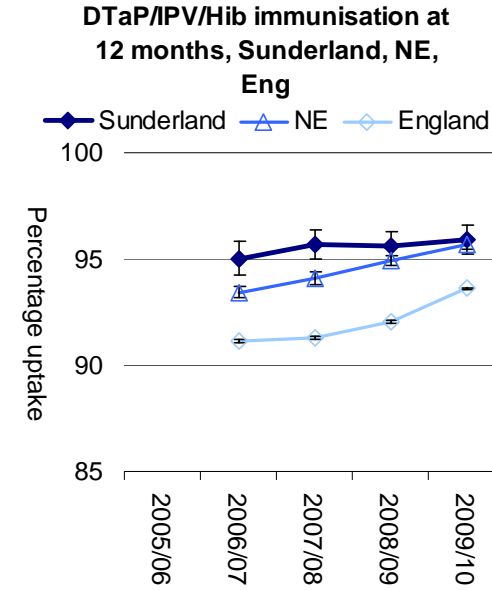
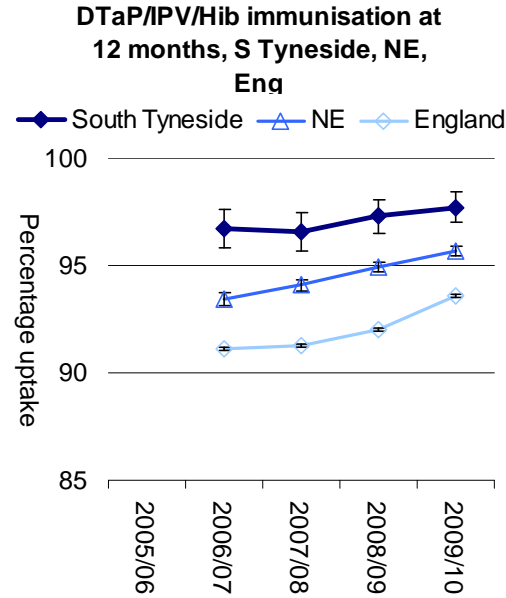
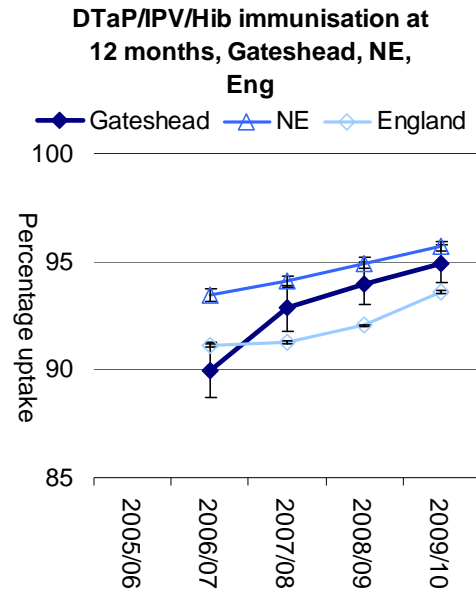
Proportion of women who see a midwife by 12 weeks of gestation and number of women accessing maternity services

Year	Gateshead proportion (%)	Gateshead total number	S Tyneside proportion (%)	S Tyneside total number	Sunderland proportion (%)	Sunderland total number	NE proportion	England proportion
09/10 Q3	87.7	651	84.3	471	89.4	823	87.7	82.2
09/10 Q4	92.6	619	87.3	472	90.5	803	89.1	80.0
10/11 Q1	93.6	672	87.1	428	66.3	768	86.7	83.1
10/11 Q2	92.3	633	90.1	443	79.0	843	89.1	83.3
10/11 Q3	82.2	613	85.7	441	82.1	910	87.3	85.2

Source: Department of Health, "Vital Signs Monitoring - Maternity", statistics released quarterly at www.dh.gov.uk. Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than the England proportion at a 95% level of confidence.

19.3 Immunisation and vaccination

19.3.1 Uptake of Diphtheria, Tetanus, Polio, Pertussis and Haemophilus influenzae B (DTaP/IPV/HiB) Immunisation at 12 Months

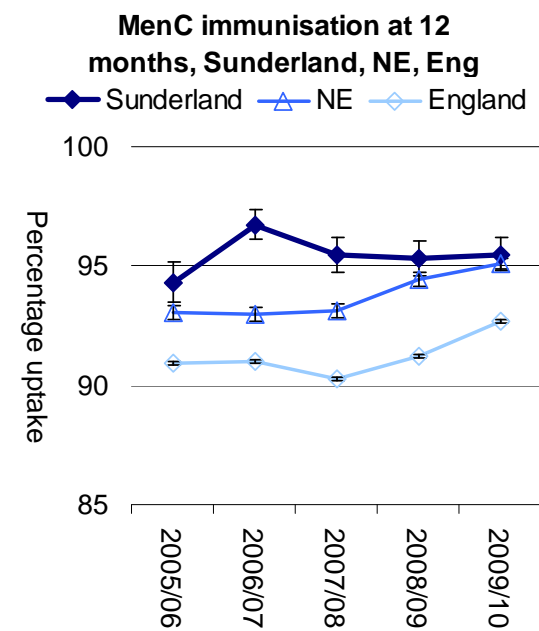
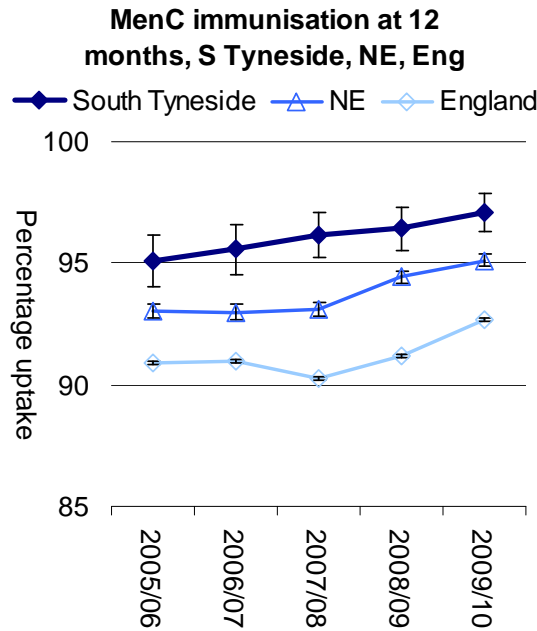
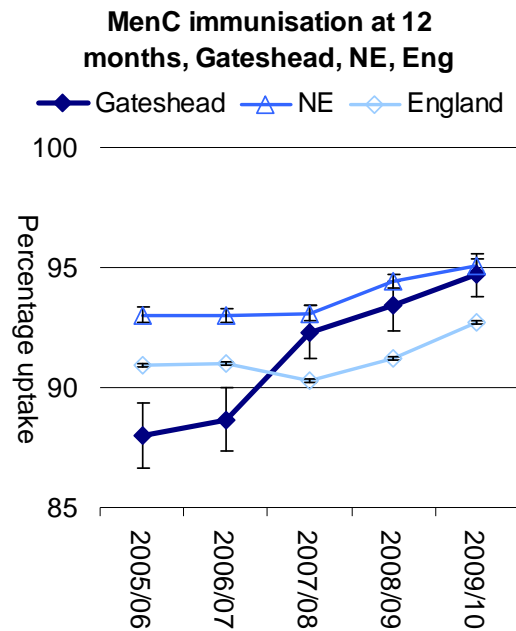


Year	Gateshead % Uptake	Gateshead Children	South Tyneside % Uptake	South Tyneside Children	Sunderland % Uptake	Sunderland Children	NE % Uptake	England % Uptake
2005/06								
2006/07	90.0	2197	96.7	1532	95.0	2977	93.4	91.1
2007/08	92.8	2290	96.6	1586	95.7	3208	94.1	91.3
2008/09	94.0	2200	97.3	1658	95.6	3275	94.9	92.0
2009/10	94.9	2400	97.7	1700	95.9	3100	95.7	93.6

Uptake of DTaP/IPV/Hib was first monitored in 2006/07. Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England uptake at 95% confidence.

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for 2010/11 will be published in Sep 2011.

19.3.2 Uptake of Meningitis C (MenC) Immunisation at 12 Months

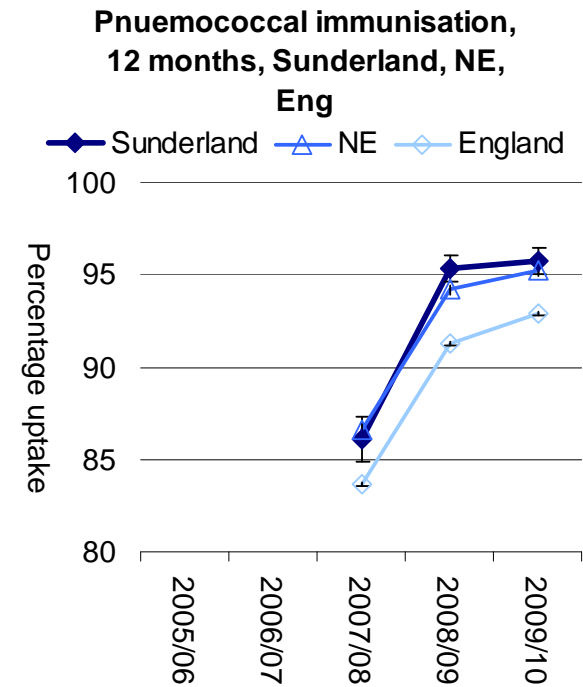
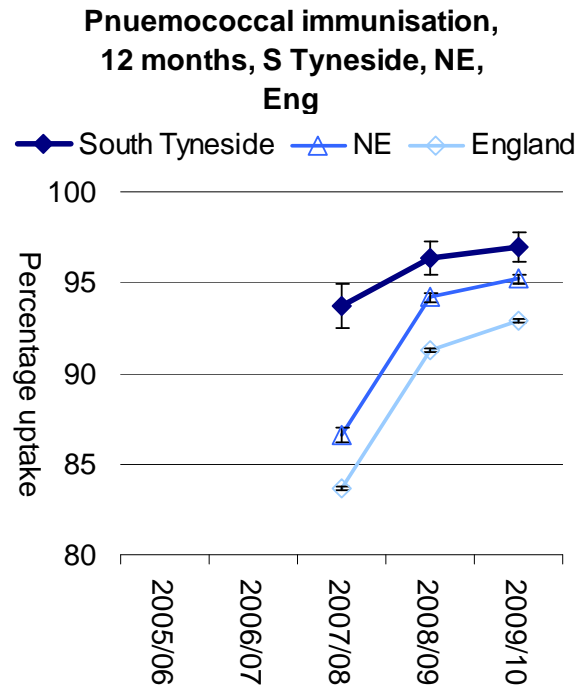
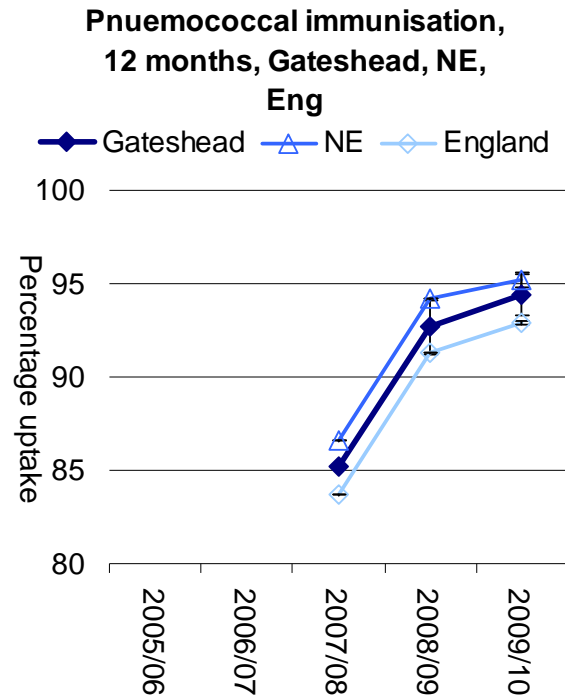


Year	Gateshead		South Tyneside		Sunderland		NE	England
	% Uptake	Children	% Uptake	Children	% Uptake	Children	% Uptake	% Uptake
2005/06	88.0	2155	95.1	1535	94.3	2933	93.0	90.9
2006/07	88.7	2197	95.6	1532	96.7	2977	93.0	91.0
2007/08	92.3	2290	96.2	1586	95.5	3208	93.1	90.3
2008/09	93.4	2200	96.4	1658	95.3	3275	94.4	91.2
2009/10	94.7	2400	97.1	1700	95.5	3100	95.1	92.7

Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England uptake at 95% confidence.

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for 2010/11 will be published in Sep 2011.

19.3.3 Uptake of Pneumococcal Conjugate Vaccination (PCV) at 12 Months

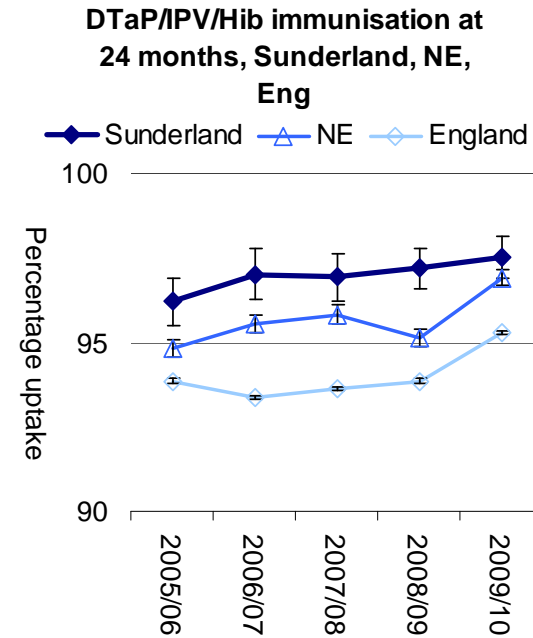
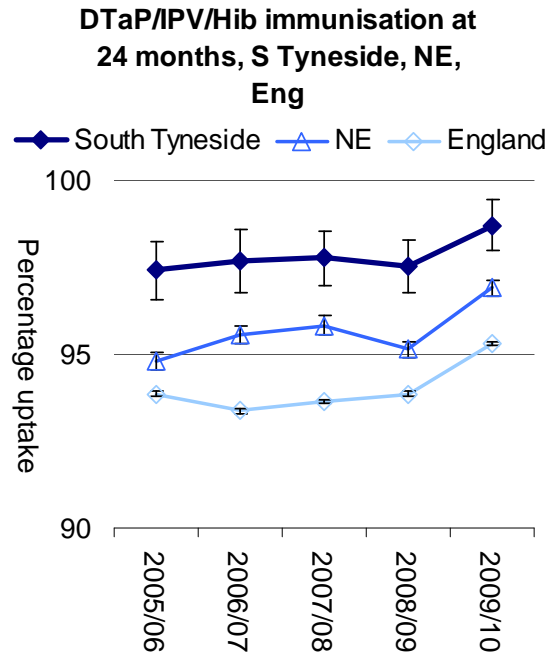
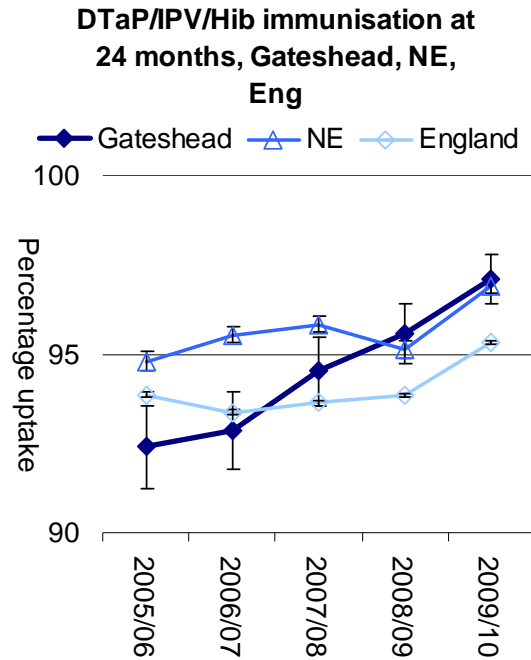


Year	Gateshead % Uptake	Gateshead Children	South Tyneside % Uptake	South Tyneside Children	Sunderland % Uptake	Sunderland Children	NE % Uptake	England % Uptake
2005/06								
2006/07								
2007/08	85.2	2290	93.7	1586	86.1	3208	86.6	83.7
2008/09	92.7	2200	96.3	1658	95.4	3275	94.2	91.3
2009/10	94.4	2400	97.0	1700	95.7	3100	95.2	92.9

Uptake of PCV was first monitored in 2007/08. Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England uptake at 95% confidence.

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for 2010/11 will be published in Sep 2011.

19.3.4 Uptake of Diphtheria, Tetanus, Polio, Pertussis and Haemophilus influenzae B (DTaP/IPV/HiB) Immunisation at 24 Months



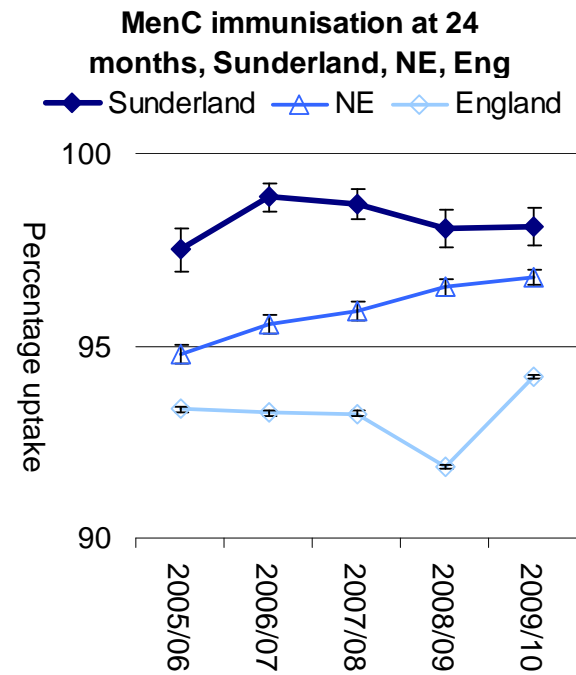
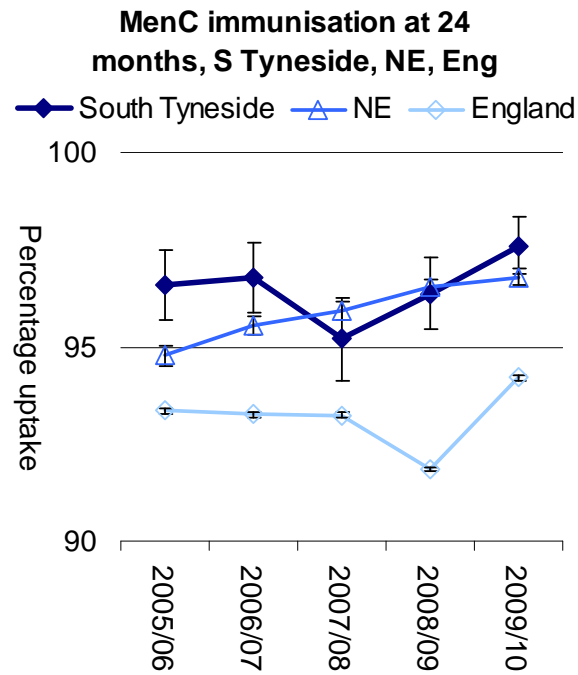
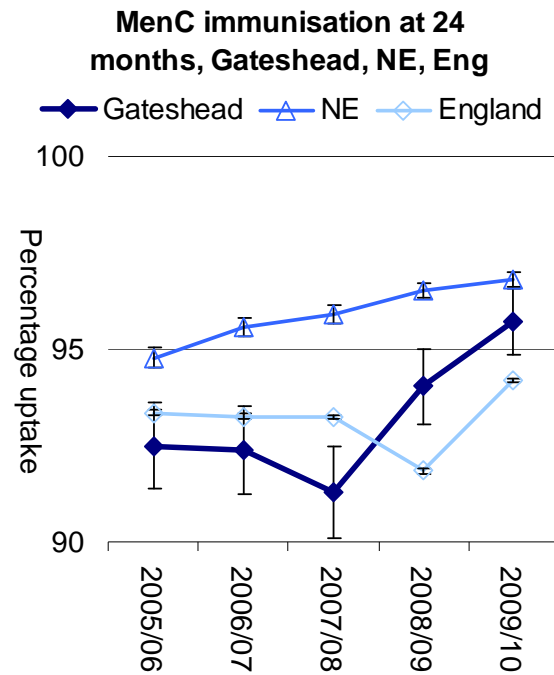
Year	Gateshead % Uptake	Gateshead Children	S Tyneside % Uptake	S Tyneside Children	Sunderland % Uptake	Sunderland Children	NE % Uptake	England % Uptake
2005/06	92.4	2056	97.4	1581	96.2	2895	94.8	93.9
2006/07	92.8	2152	97.7	1519	97.0	2971	95.5	93.4
2007/08	94.5	2157	97.8	1560	96.9	2958	95.8	93.6
2008/09	95.6	2259	97.5	1625	97.2	3228	95.1	93.9
2009/10	97.1	2174	98.7	1659	97.5	3281	96.9	95.3

Uptake of combined DTaP/IPV/HiB immunisation has been recorded since 2006/07. Figures for previous years are average uptake for separate diphtheria, tetanus and polio vaccinations.

Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England uptake at 95% confidence.

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for 2010/11 will be published in Sep 2011.

19.3.5 Uptake of Meningitis C (MenC) Immunisation at 24 Months

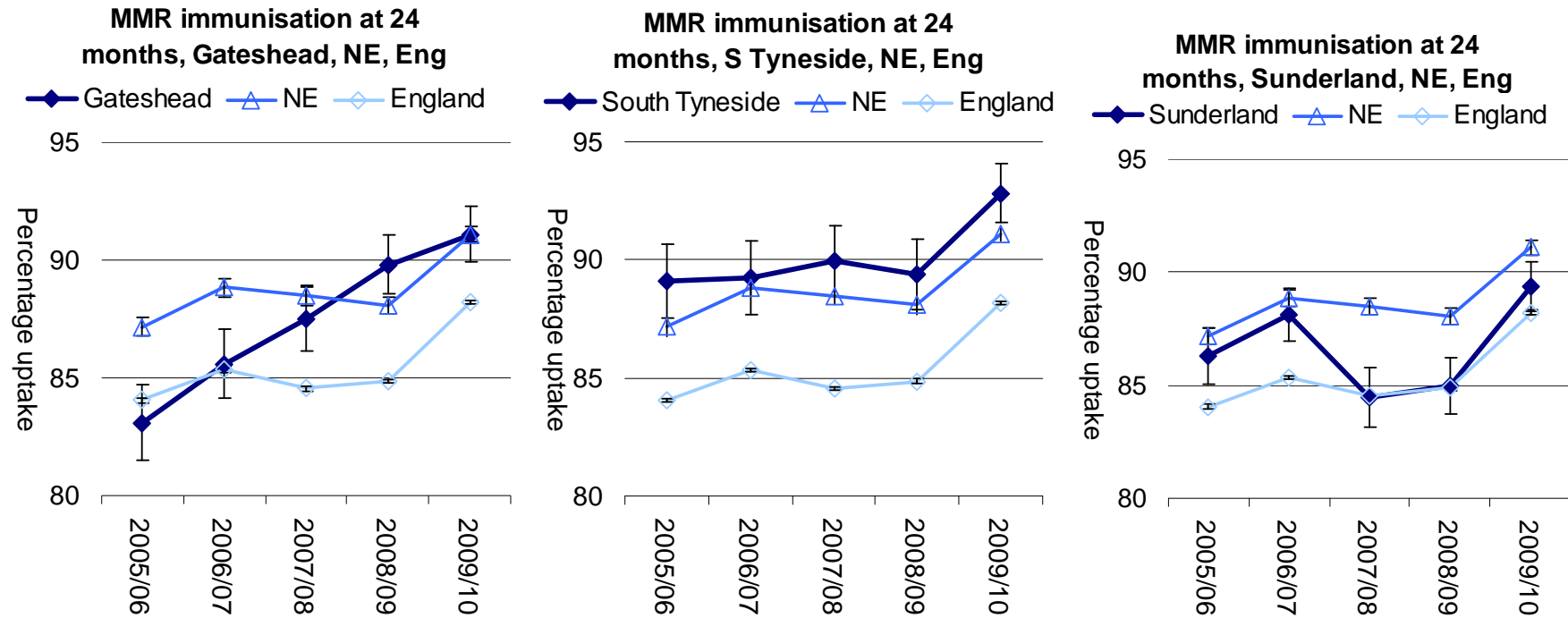


Year	Gateshead		South Tyneside		Sunderland		NE % Uptake	England % Uptake
	% Uptake	Children	% Uptake	Children	% Uptake	Children		
2005/06	92.5	2056	96.6	1581	97.5	2895	94.8	93.3
2006/07	92.4	2152	96.8	1519	98.9	2971	95.6	93.3
2007/08	91.3	2157	95.2	1560	98.7	2958	95.9	93.2
2008/09	94.0	2259	96.4	1625	98.0	3228	96.5	91.9
2009/10	95.7	2174	97.6	1659	98.1	3281	96.8	94.2

Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England uptake at 95% confidence.

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for 2010/11 will be published in Sep 2011.

19.3.6 Uptake of Measles, Mumps and Rubella (MMR) 1st Dose at 24 Months

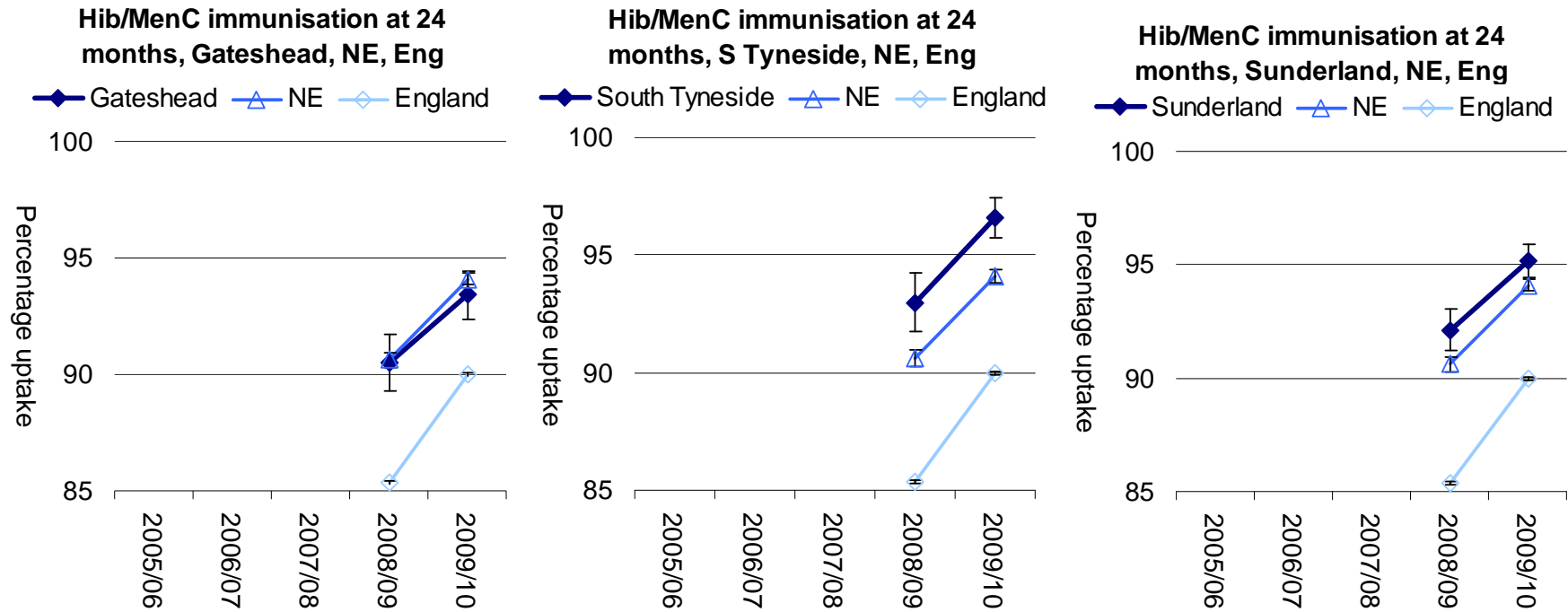


Year	Gateshead		South Tyneside		Sunderland		NE % Uptake	England % Uptake
	% Uptake	Children	% Uptake	Children	% Uptake	Children		
2005/06	83.1	2056	89.1	1581	86.3	2895	87.2	84.1
2006/07	85.6	2152	89.3	1519	88.1	2971	88.8	85.3
2007/08	87.5	2157	89.9	1560	84.5	2958	88.5	84.6
2008/09	89.8	2259	89.4	1625	85.0	3228	88.1	84.9
2009/10	91.1	2174	92.8	1659	89.4	3281	91.1	88.2

Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England uptake at 95% confidence.

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for 2010/11 will be published in Sep 2011.

19.3.7 Uptake of Haemophilus Influenzae B and Meningitis C (Hib/MenC) Immunisation at 24 Months

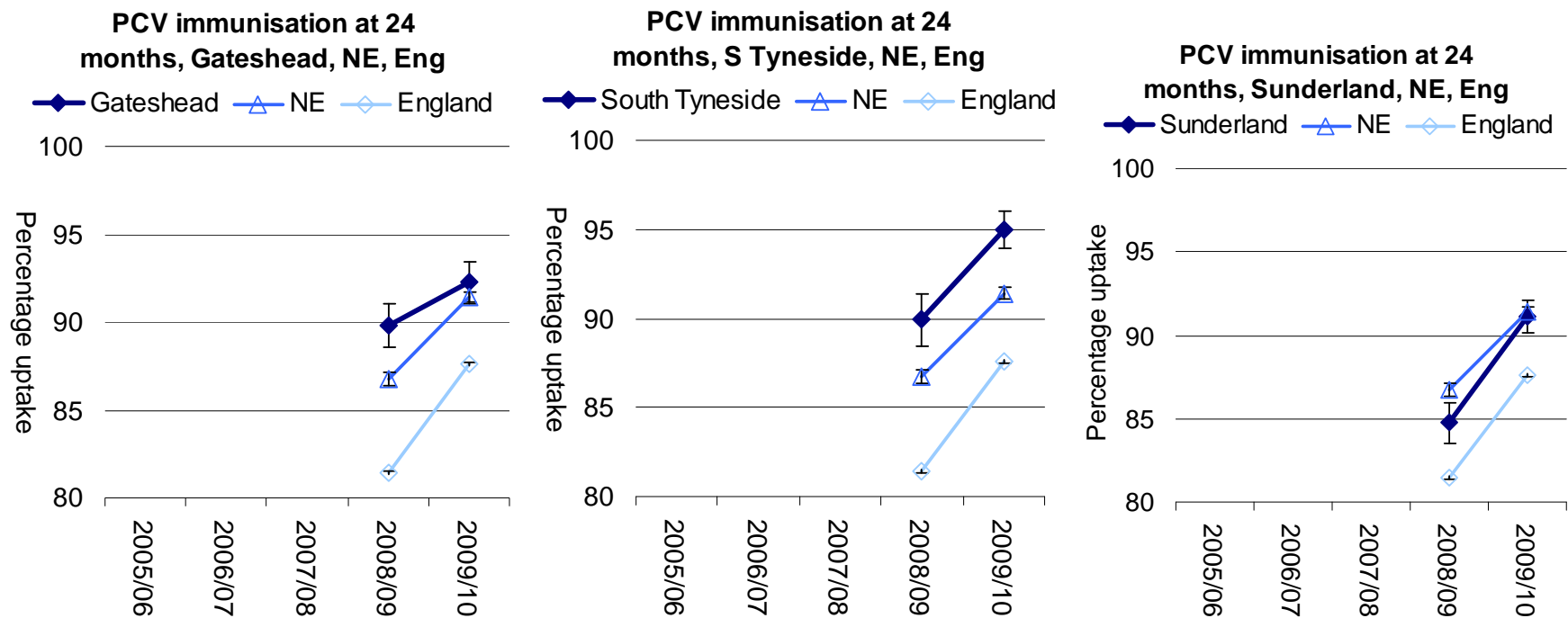


Year	Gateshead % Uptake	Gateshead Children	South Tyneside % Uptake	South Tyneside Children	Sunderland % Uptake	Sunderland Children	NE % Uptake	England % Uptake
2005/06								
2006/07								
2007/08								
2008/09	90.5	2259	93.0	1625	92.1	3228	90.6	85.4
2009/10	93.4	2174	96.6	1659	95.2	3281	94.1	90.0

Uptake of the Hib/MenC immunisation at 24 months was recorded for the first time in 2008/09. Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England uptake at 95% confidence.

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for 2010/11 will be published in Sep 2011.

19.3.8 Uptake of Pneumococcal Conjugate Vaccination (PCV) at 24 Months

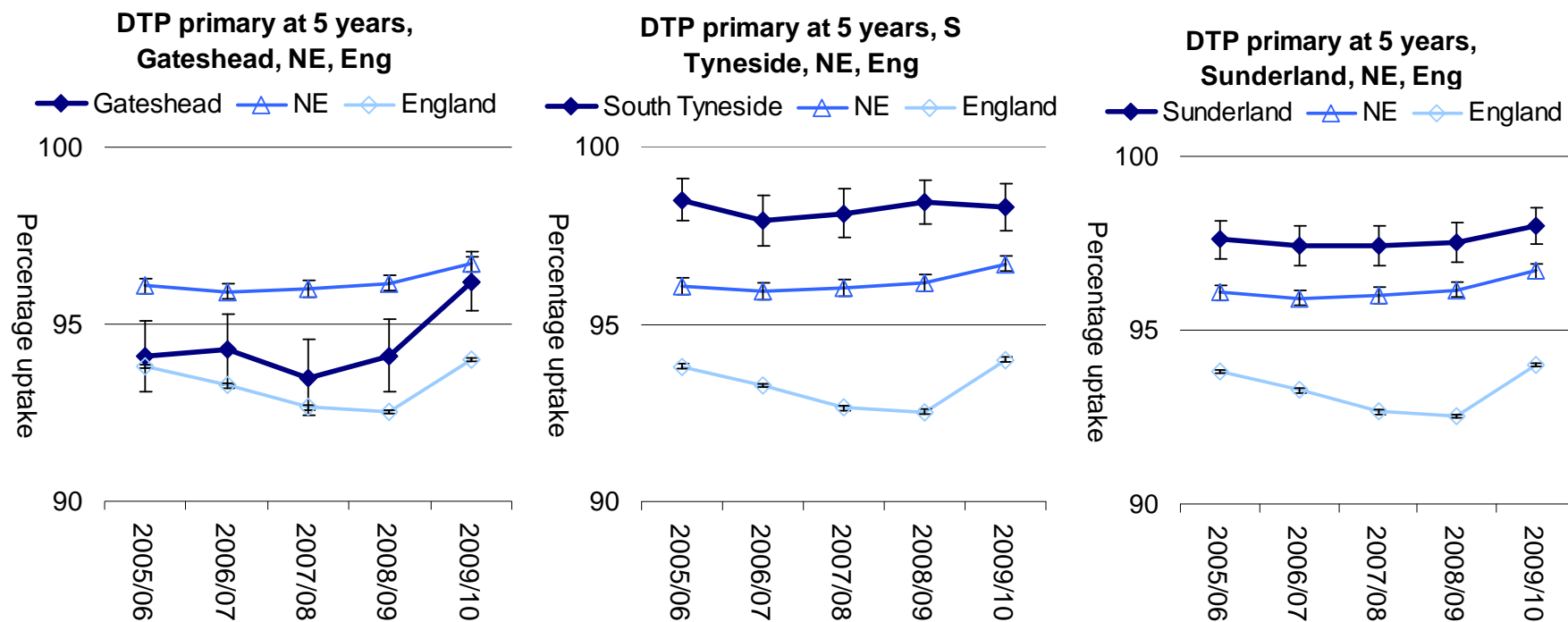


Year	Gateshead % Uptake	Gateshead Children	South Tyneside % Uptake	South Tyneside Children	Sunderland % Uptake	Sunderland Children	NE % Uptake	England % Uptake
2005/06								
2006/07								
2007/08								
2008/09	89.8	2259	89.9	1625	84.8	3228	86.7	81.5
2009/10	92.3	2174	95.0	1659	91.1	3281	91.4	87.6

Uptake of the PCV at 24 months has been recorded for the first time in 2008/09. Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England uptake at 95% confidence.

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for 2010/11 will be published in Sep 2011.

19.3.9 Uptake of Diphtheria, Tetanus and Polio Primary Immunisation at 5 Years

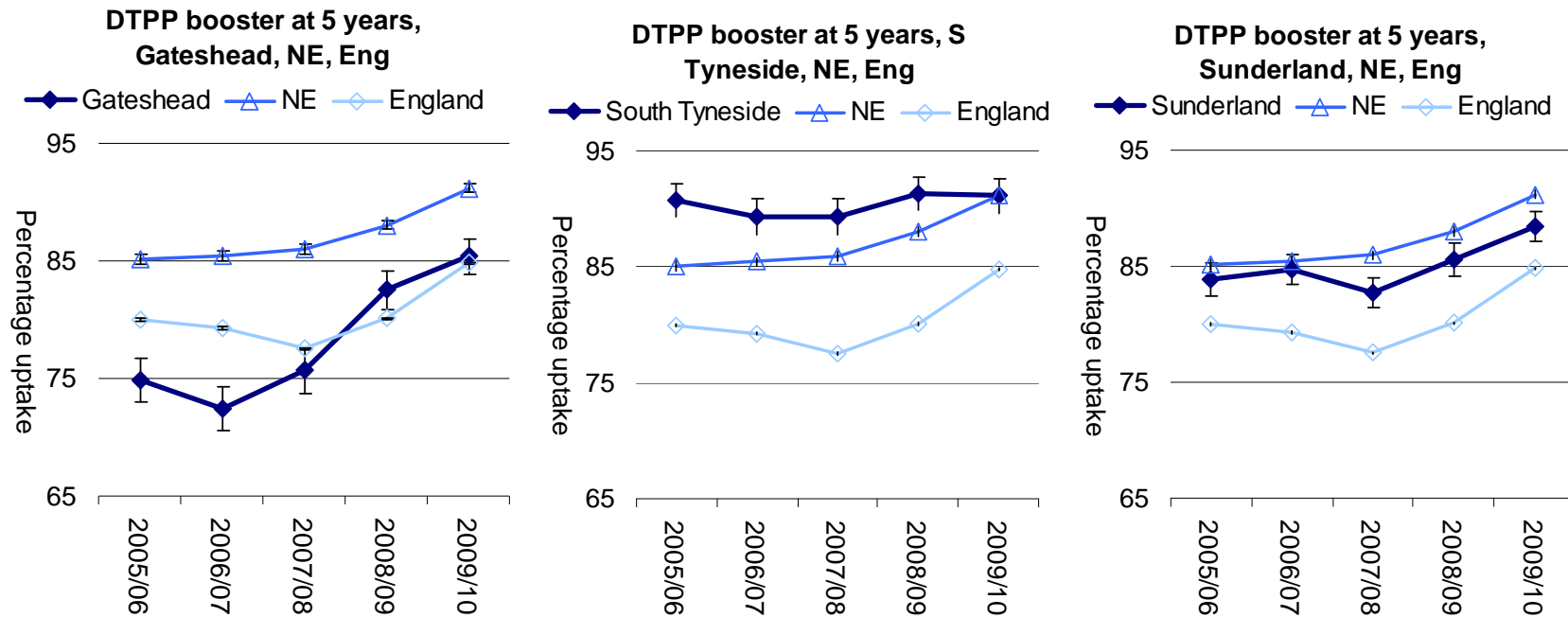


Year	Gateshead % Uptake	Gateshead Children	South Tyneside % Uptake	South Tyneside Children	Sunderland % Uptake	Sunderl and Children	NE % Uptake	England % Uptake
2005/06	94.1	2056	98.5	1581	97.6	2895	96.1	93.8
2006/07	94.3	2152	97.9	1519	97.4	2971	95.9	93.3
2007/08	93.5	2029	98.1	1437	97.4	2893	96.0	92.6
2008/09	94.1	2036	98.4	1601	97.5	2844	96.2	92.5
2009/10	96.2	2067	98.3	1500	98.0	2933	96.7	94.0

Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England uptake at 95% confidence.

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for 2010/11 will be published in Sep 2011.

19.3.10 Uptake of Diphtheria, Tetanus, Polio and Pertussis (DTPP) Booster Immunisation at 5 Years



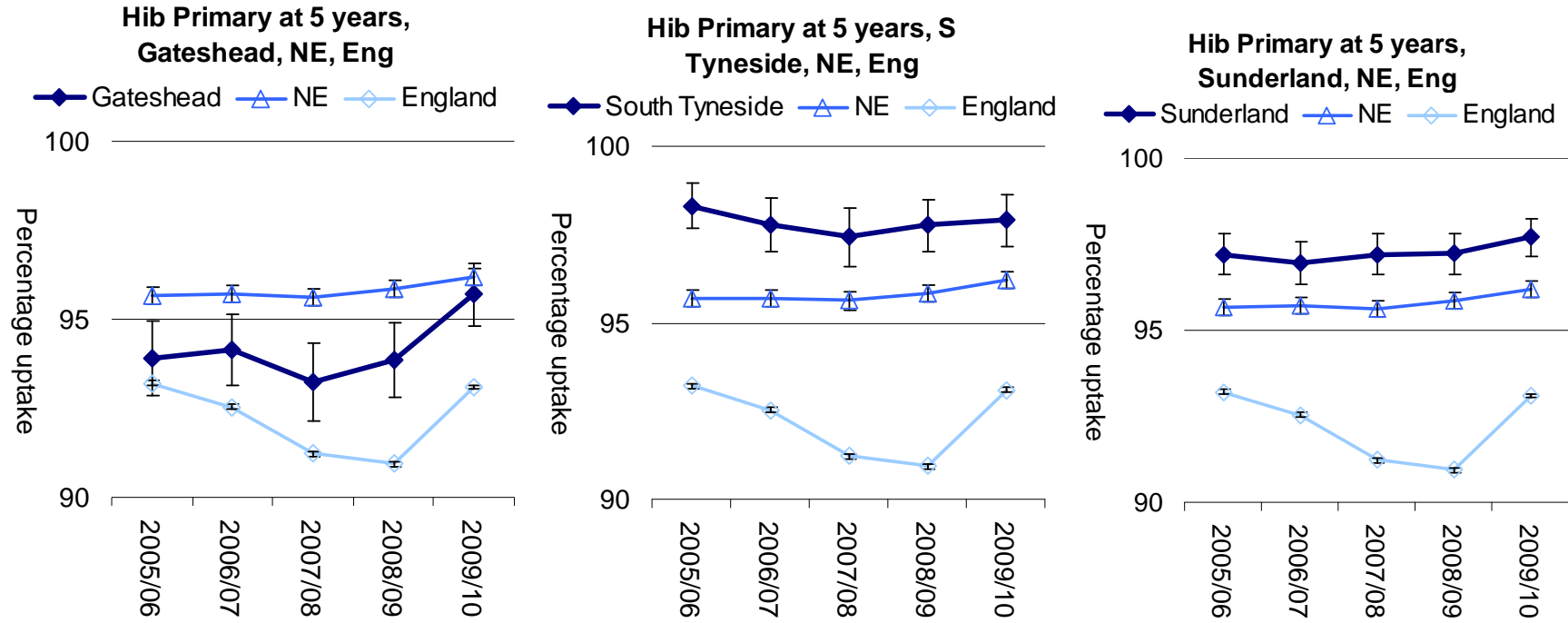
Year	Gateshead % Uptake	Gateshead Children	South Tyneside % Uptake	South Tyneside Children	Sunderland % Uptake	Sunderland Children	NE % Uptake	England % Uptake
2005/06	74.9	2056	90.7	1581	83.9	2895	85.1	80.0
2006/07	72.4	2152	89.3	1519	84.7	2971	85.4	79.3
2007/08	75.7	2029	89.4	1437	82.8	2893	85.9	77.5
2008/09	82.6	2036	91.3	1601	85.6	2844	88.1	80.1
2009/10	85.4	2067	91.1	1500	88.4	2933	91.2	84.8

Uptake of a combined DTP and Pertussis booster has only been recorded since 2006/07. Earlier figures are uptake of a DTP booster.

Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England uptake at 95% confidence.

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for 2010/11 will be published in Sep 2011.

19.3.11 Uptake of Haemophilus Influenzae B Primary Immunisation at 5 Years

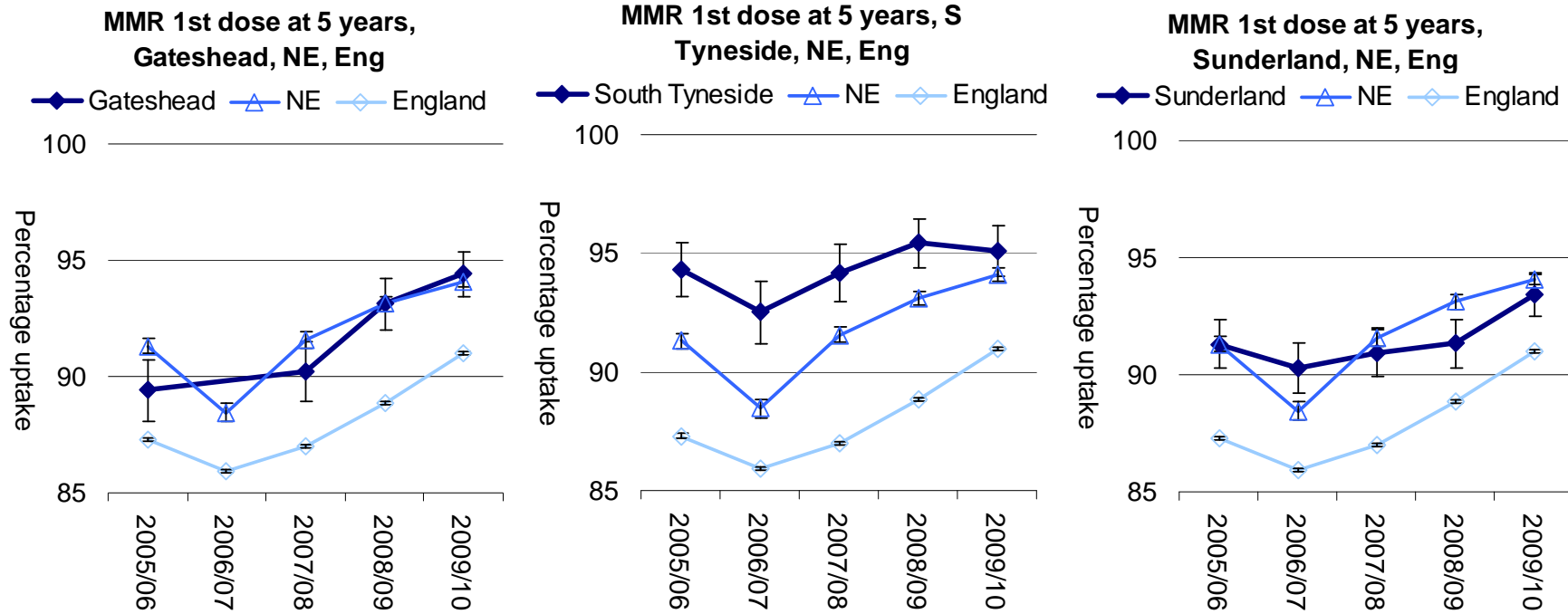


Year	Gateshead % Uptake	Gateshead Children	South Tyneside % Uptake	South Tyneside Children	Sunderland % Uptake	Sunderland Children	NE % Uptake	England % Uptake
2005/06	93.9	2056	98.3	1581	97.2	2895	95.7	93.2
2006/07	94.1	2152	97.8	1519	96.9	2971	95.7	92.5
2007/08	93.2	2029	97.4	1437	97.2	2893	95.6	91.2
2008/09	93.9	2036	97.8	1601	97.2	2844	95.8	90.9
2009/10	95.7	2067	97.9	1500	97.7	2933	96.2	93.1

Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England uptake at 95% confidence.

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for 2010/11 will be published in Sep 2011.

19.3.12 Uptake of Mumps, Measles and Rubella (MMR) Immunisation 1st dose at 5 Years

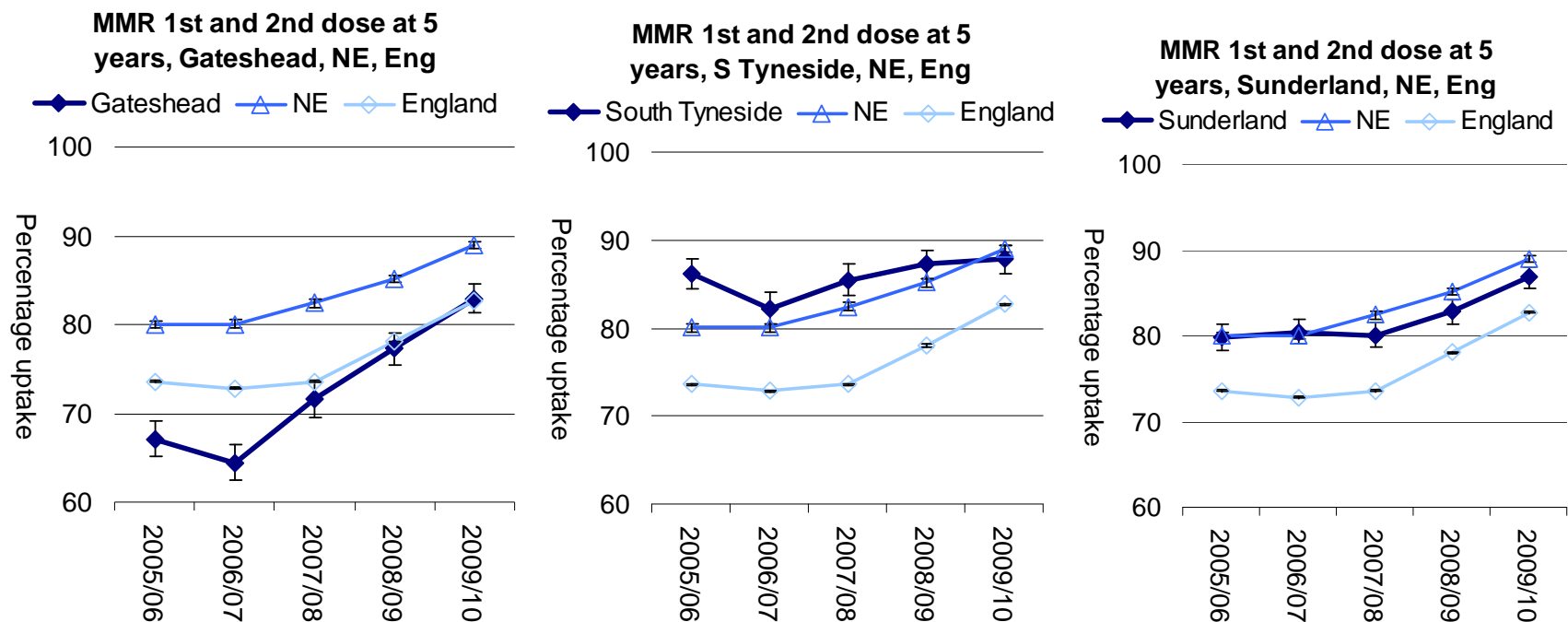


Year	Gateshead % Uptake	Gateshead Children	South Tyneside % Uptake	South Tyneside Children	Sunderland % Uptake	Sunderland Children	NE % Uptake	England % Uptake
2005/06	89.4	2056	94.3	1581	91.3	2895	91.3	87.3
2006/07	90.2	2152	92.5	1519	90.3	2971	88.5	85.9
2007/08	90.2	2029	94.2	1437	90.9	2893	91.6	87.0
2008/09	93.1	2036	95.4	1601	91.4	2844	93.1	88.9
2009/10	94.4	2067	95.1	1500	93.4	2933	94.1	91.0

Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England uptake at 95% confidence.

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for 2010/11 will be published in Sep 2011.

19.3.13 Uptake of Mumps, Measles and Rubella (MMR) Immunisation 1st and 2nd dose at 5 Years

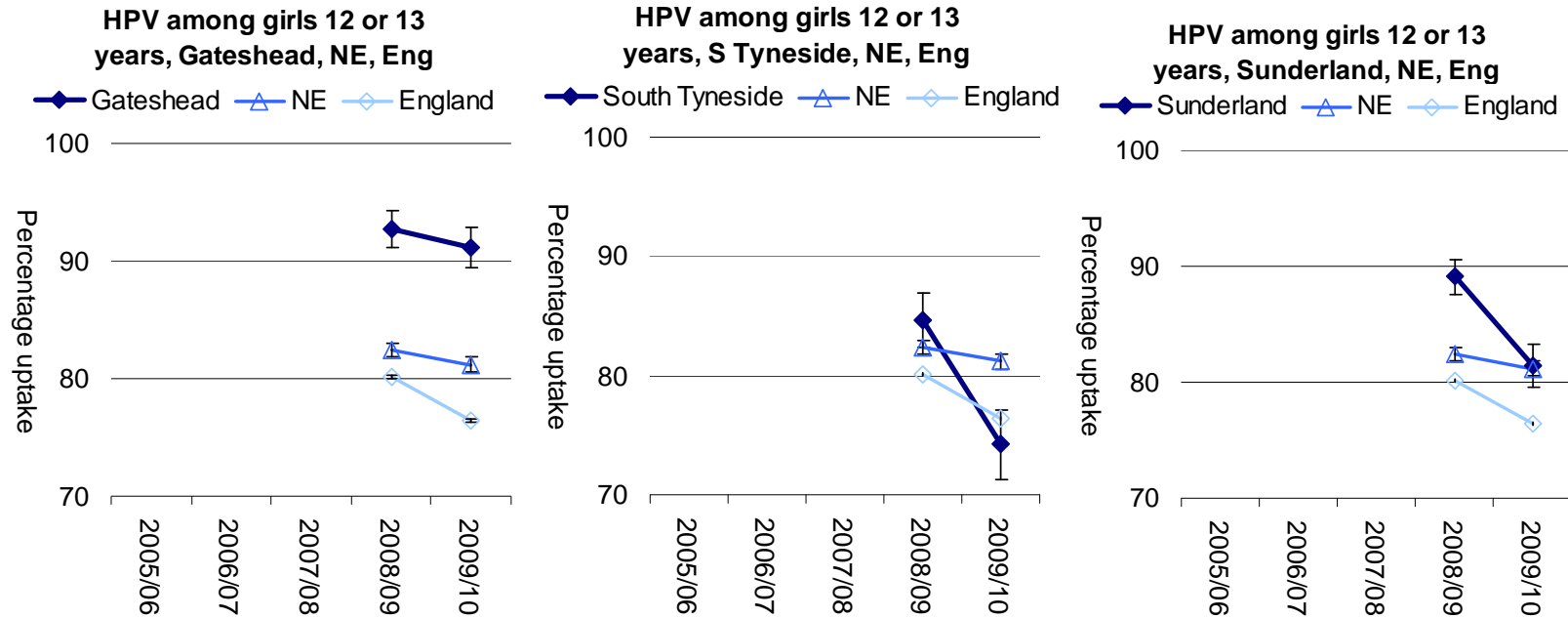


Year	Gateshead % Uptake	Gateshead Children	South Tyneside % Uptake	South Tyneside Children	Sunderland % Uptake	Sunderl and Children	NE % Uptake	England % Uptake
2005/06	67.1	2056	86.2	1581	79.8	2895	80.0	73.6
2006/07	64.4	2152	82.2	1519	80.4	2971	80.0	72.8
2007/08	71.6	2029	85.5	1437	80.1	2893	82.4	73.6
2008/09	77.3	2036	87.3	1601	82.8	2844	85.1	78.0
2009/10	82.9	2067	87.8	1500	86.8	2933	89.0	82.7

Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England uptake at 95% confidence.

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for 2010/11 will be published in Sep 2011.

19.3.14 Uptake of Human Papilloma Virus (HPV) Vaccination - Girls 12 or 13 Years



Year	Gateshead % Uptake	Gateshead Children	South Tyneside % Uptake	South Tyneside Children	Sunderland % Uptake	Sunderland Children	NE % Uptake	England % Uptake
2005/06								
2006/07								
2007/08								
2008/09	92.8	1067	84.6	912	89.1	1622	82.4	80.1
2009/10	91.1	1091	74.2	854	81.4	1700	81.2	76.4

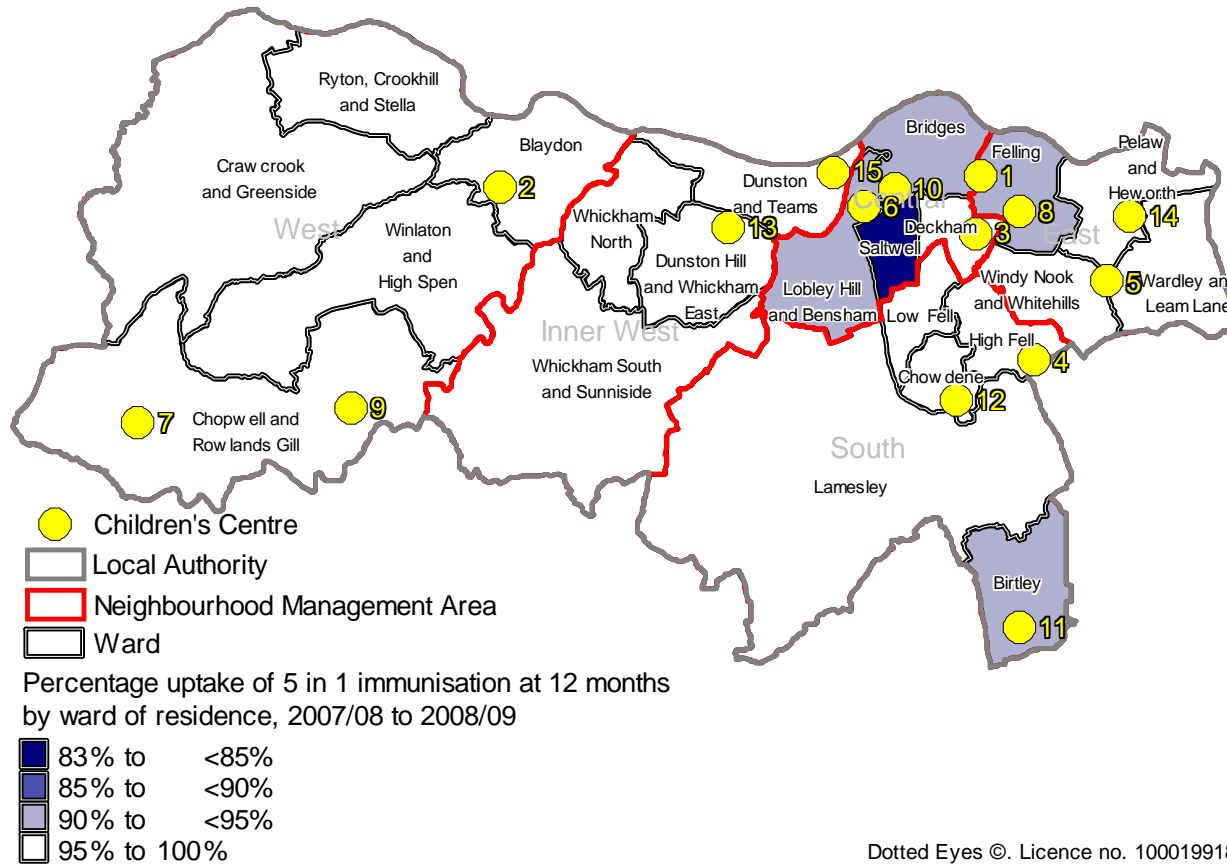
Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for 2009/10 will be published in Jan 2011.

Figures are for uptake of all three doses of the HPV vaccination. Uptake of HPV vaccination was first monitored in 2008/09. Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England uptake at 95% confidence.

Figures in the previous edition of this report were for 9 months of 2008/09 (Sep-Jun). Revised figures were published by the HPA in Jan 2010 which reflected coverage over 12 months (Sept-Aug). Full year HPV vaccination coverage will now be routinely published in January.

19.3.15 Immunisation rates by electoral ward

19.3.15.1 Uptake of Diphtheria, Tetanus, Polio, Pertussis and Haemophilus influenzae B (5 in 1) Immunisation at 12 Months – 2007/08 to 2008/09

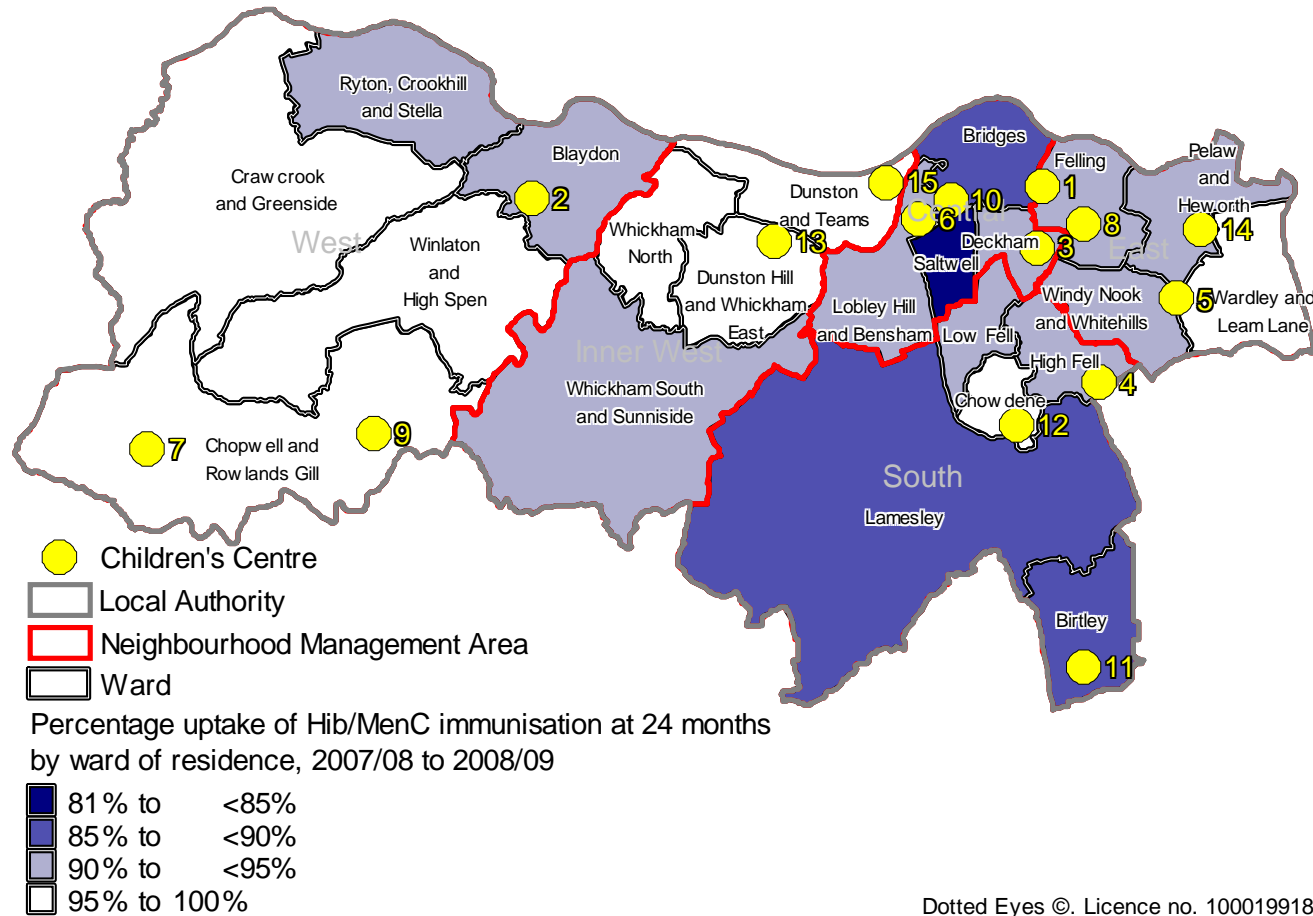


Key	Children's Centre
1	Bede Sure Start Children's Centre
2	Blaydon Winlaton Sure Start Children's Centre
3	Deckham Sure Start Children's Centre
4	High Fell Sure Start Children's Centre
5	Leam Lane Sure Start Children's Centre
6	Bensham Sure Start Children's Centre
7	Chopwell Sure Start Children's Centre
8	Felling Sure Start Children's Centre
9	Highfield Sure Start Children's Centre
10	Matov Sure Start Children's Centre
11	Birtley Sure Start Children's Centre
12	Chowdene Sure Start Children's Centre
13	Dunston Hill Sure Start Children's Centre
14	Wardley Sure Start Children's Centre
15	Teams Sure Start Children's Centre

Dotted Eyes ©. Licence no. 100019918

Source: NHS South of Tyne and Wear

19.3.15.2 Uptake of HIB Meningitis C (MenC) Immunisation at 24 Months – 2007/08 to 2008/09

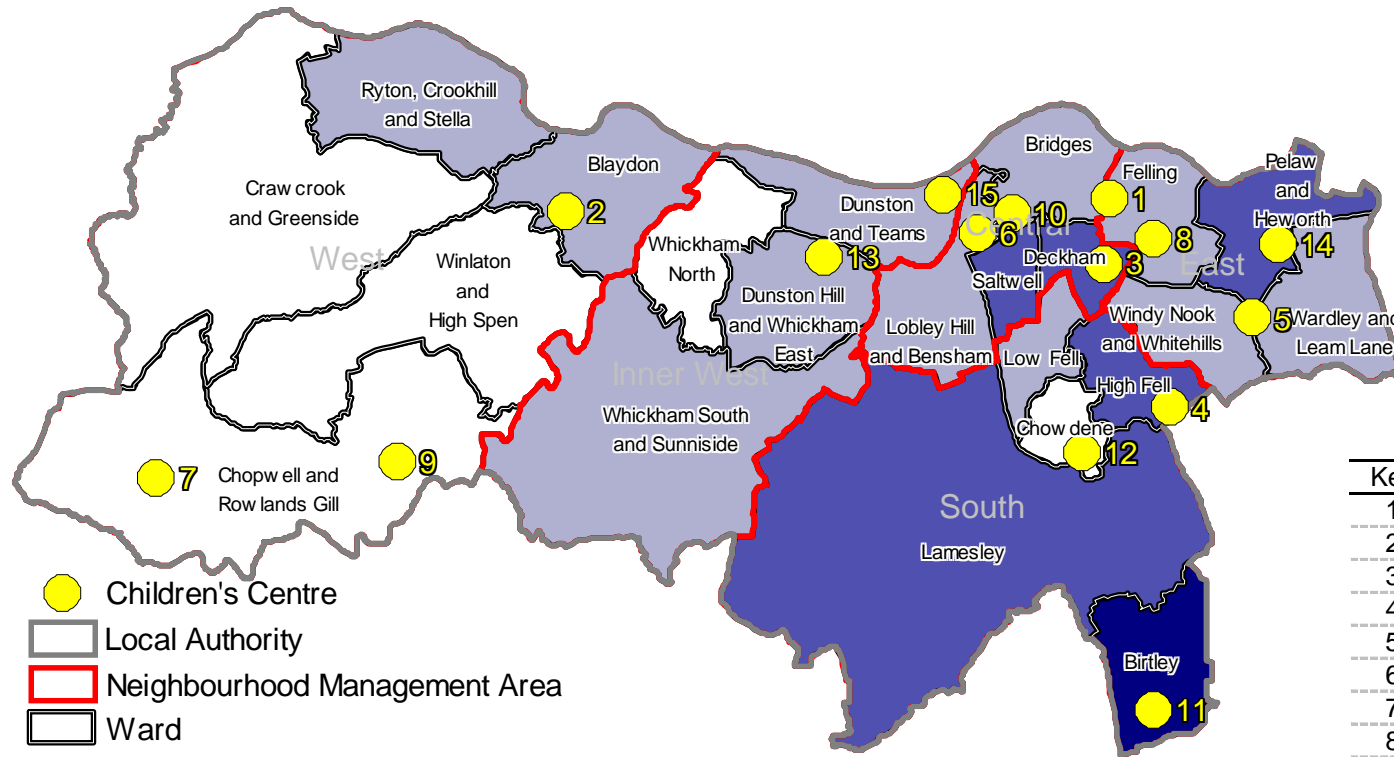


Key	Children's Centre
1	Bede Sure Start Children's Centre
2	Blaydon Winlaton Sure Start Children's Centre
3	Deckham Sure Start Children's Centre
4	High Fell Sure Start Children's Centre
5	Leam Lane Sure Start Children's Centre
6	Bensham Sure Start Children's Centre
7	Chopwell Sure Start Children's Centre
8	Felling Sure Start Children's Centre
9	Highfield Sure Start Children's Centre
10	Matov Sure Start Children's Centre
11	Birtley Sure Start Children's Centre
12	Chowdene Sure Start Children's Centre
13	Dunston Hill Sure Start Children's Centre
14	Wardley Sure Start Children's Centre
15	Teams Sure Start Children's Centre

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Source: NHS South of Tyne and Wear

19.3.15.3 Uptake of Measles, Mumps and Rubella (MMR) 1st Dose at 24 Months – 2007/08 to 2008/09



- Children's Centre
- Local Authority
- Neighbourhood Management Area
- Ward

Percentage uptake of MMR immunisation at 24 months by ward of residence, 2007/08 to 2008/09

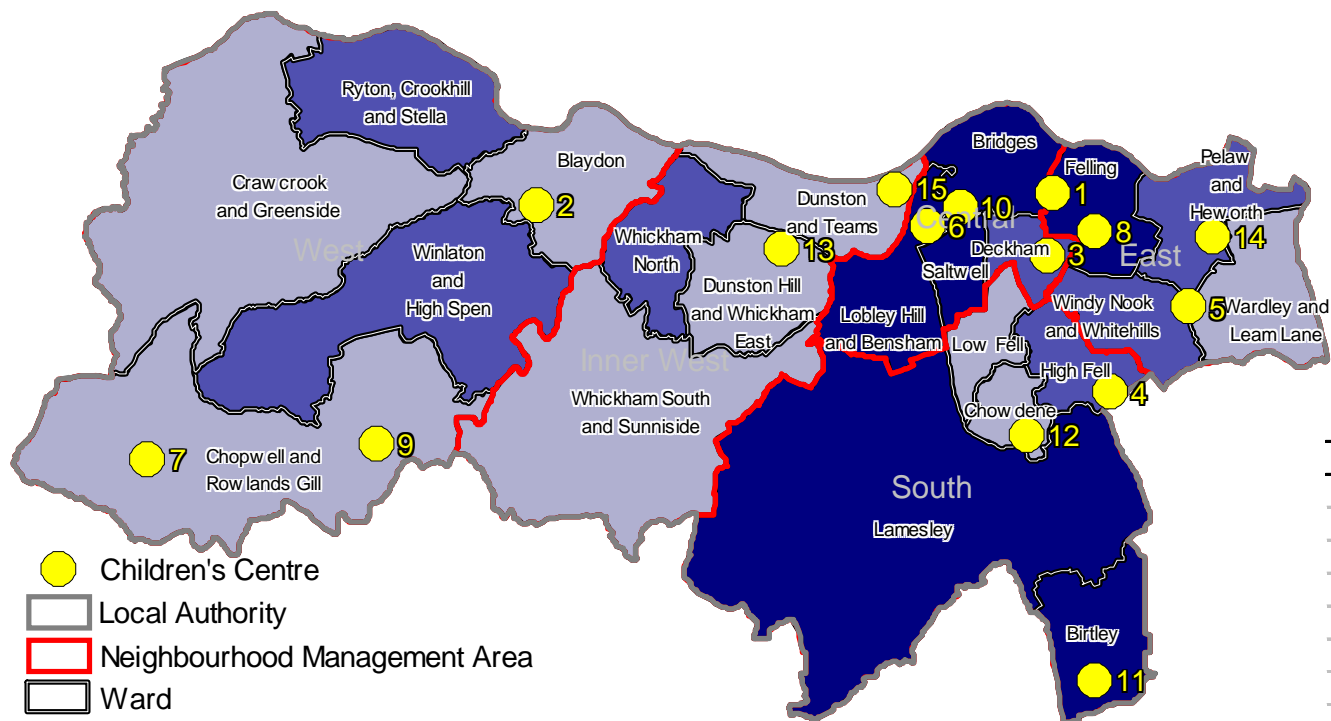
- 80% to <85%
- 85% to <90%
- 90% to <95%
- 95% to 100%

Key Children's Centre	
1	Bede Sure Start Children's Centre
2	Blaydon Winlaton Sure Start Children's Centre
3	Deckham Sure Start Children's Centre
4	High Fell Sure Start Children's Centre
5	Leam Lane Sure Start Children's Centre
6	Bensham Sure Start Children's Centre
7	Chopwell Sure Start Children's Centre
8	Felling Sure Start Children's Centre
9	Highfield Sure Start Children's Centre
10	Matov Sure Start Children's Centre
11	Birtley Sure Start Children's Centre
12	Chowdene Sure Start Children's Centre
13	Dunston Hill Sure Start Children's Centre
14	Wardley Sure Start Children's Centre
15	Teams Sure Start Children's Centre

Dotted Eyes ©. Licence no. 100019918

Source: NHS South of Tyne and Wear

19.3.15.4 Uptake of Diphtheria, Tetanus, Polio and Pertussis (DTPP or 4 in 1) Booster Immunisation at 5 Years – 2007/08 to 2008/09



● Children's Centre

□ Local Authority

▭ Neighbourhood Management Area

▭ Ward

Percentage uptake of 4 in 1 immunisation at 5 years by ward of residence, 2007/08 to 2008/09

■ 75% to <85%

■ 85% to <90%

■ 90% to <95%

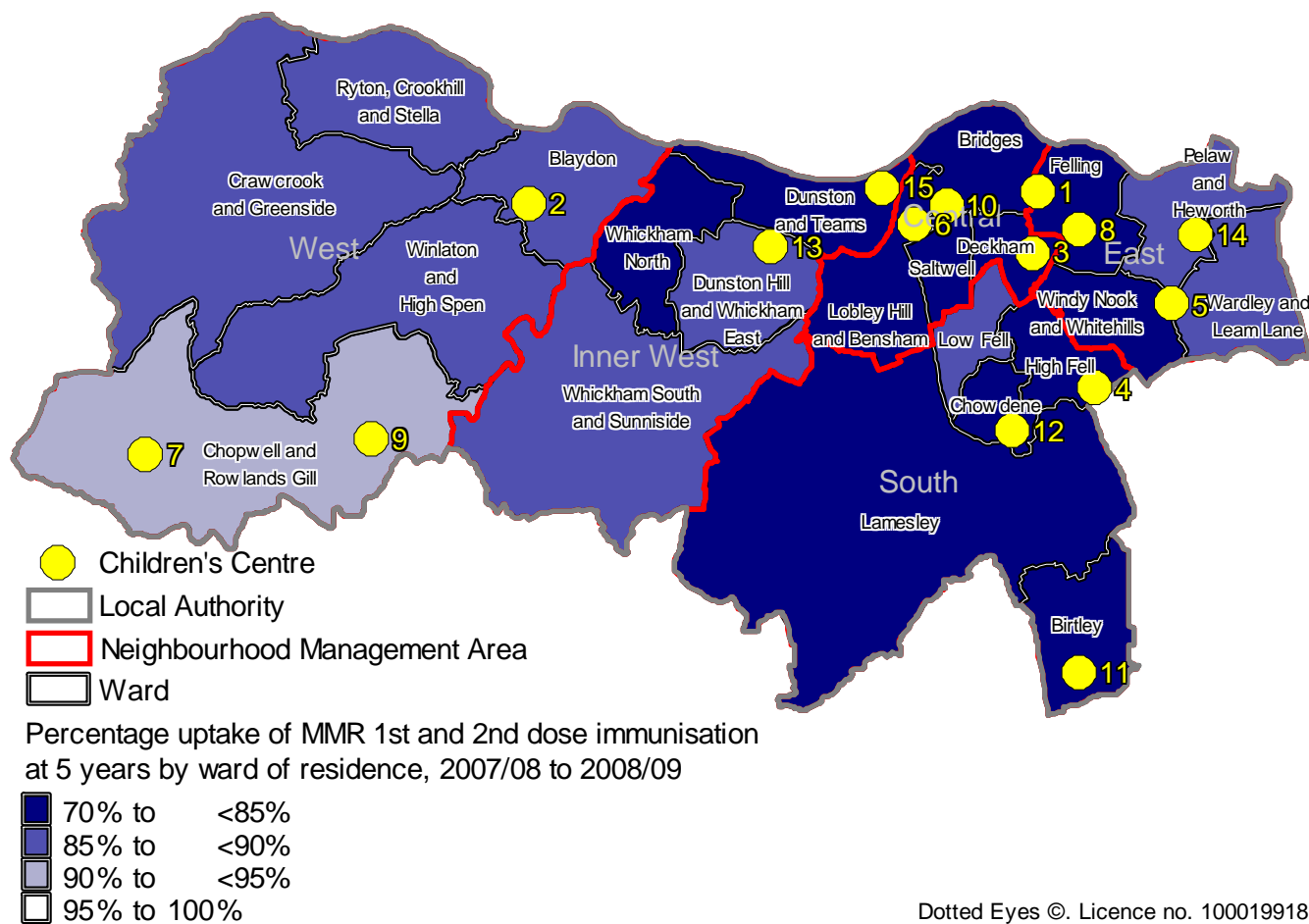
□ 95% to 100%

Key	Children's Centre
1	Bede Sure Start Children's Centre
2	Blaydon Winlaton Sure Start Children's Centre
3	Deckham Sure Start Children's Centre
4	High Fell Sure Start Children's Centre
5	Leam Lane Sure Start Children's Centre
6	Bensham Sure Start Children's Centre
7	Chopwell Sure Start Children's Centre
8	Felling Sure Start Children's Centre
9	Highfield Sure Start Children's Centre
10	Matov Sure Start Children's Centre
11	Birtley Sure Start Children's Centre
12	Chowdene Sure Start Children's Centre
13	Dunston Hill Sure Start Children's Centre
14	Wardley Sure Start Children's Centre
15	Teams Sure Start Children's Centre

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Source: NHS South of Tyne and Wear

19.3.15.5 Uptake of Mumps, Measles and Rubella (MMR) Immunisation 1st and 2nd dose at 5 Years – 2007/08 to 2008/09



Key Children's Centre	
1	Bede Sure Start Children's Centre
2	Blaydon Winlaton Sure Start Children's Centre
3	Deckham Sure Start Children's Centre
4	High Fell Sure Start Children's Centre
5	Leam Lane Sure Start Children's Centre
6	Bensham Sure Start Children's Centre
7	Chopwell Sure Start Children's Centre
8	Felling Sure Start Children's Centre
9	Highfield Sure Start Children's Centre
10	Matov Sure Start Children's Centre
11	Birtley Sure Start Children's Centre
12	Chowdene Sure Start Children's Centre
13	Dunston Hill Sure Start Children's Centre
14	Wardley Sure Start Children's Centre
15	Teams Sure Start Children's Centre

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Source: NHS South of Tyne and Wear

19.3.15.6 Uptake of selected immunisations by ward – 2007/08 to 2008/09

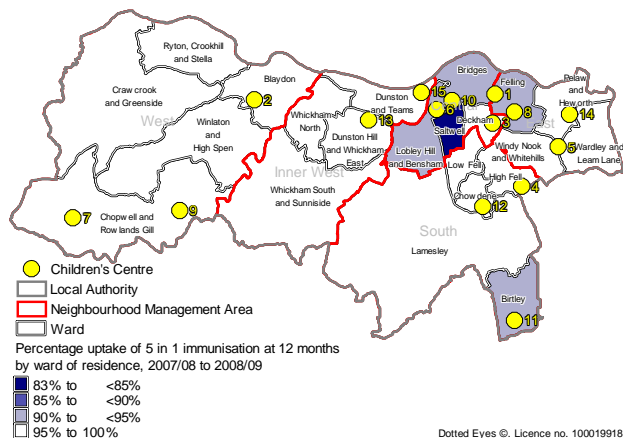
Percentage uptake of selected immunisations by ward 2007/08 to 2008/09

Ward Name	5 in 1 @ 12 months (%)	5 in 1 signifi- cance*	Hib/MenC booster @ 24 months (%)	Hib MenC signifi- cance*	MMR 1st dose @ 24 months (%)	MMR 1st dose signifi- cance*	4 in 1 @ 5 years (%)	4 in 1 signifi- cance	MMR 1st & 2nd @ 5 years (%)	MMR 1st and 2nd signifi- cance
Birtley	94%	-	87%	-	80%	Lower	83%	-	76%	-
Blaydon	>95%	*	93%	Higher	93%	-	92%	Higher	86%	-
Bridges	93%	-	86%	-	91%	-	81%	-	70%	Lower
Chopwell & Rowlands Gill	>95%	*	>95%	*	96%	Higher	92%	-	92%	Higher
Chowdene	>95%	*	96%	-	>95%	*	90%	-	83%	-
Crawcrook & Greenside	>95%	*	>95%	*	96%	Higher	94%	Higher	88%	-
Deckham	95%	-	91%	-	87%	-	88%	-	82%	-
Dunston & Teams	>95%	*	96%	Higher	94%	-	92%	-	85%	-
Dunston Hill & Whickham E.	>95%	*	97%	Higher	93%	-	90%	-	87%	-
Felling	94%	-	91%	-	92%	-	83%	-	77%	-
High Fell	96%	-	93%	-	88%	-	88%	-	81%	-
Lamesley	96%	-	88%	-	89%	-	85%	-	82%	-
Lobley Hill & Bensham	95%	-	92%	-	93%	-	84%	-	80%	-
Low Fell	>95%	*	94%	Higher	93%	-	92%	-	90%	Higher
Pelaw and Heworth	96%	-	94%	-	88%	-	86%	-	86%	-
Ryton, Crookhill & Stella	>95%	*	94%	-	93%	-	89%	-	85%	-
Saltwell	83%	Lower	82%	Lower	88%	-	76%	Lower	71%	Lower
Wardley & Leam Lane	97%	-	95%	-	93%	-	94%	Higher	89%	Higher
Whickham North	97%	-	97%	-	95%	-	89%	-	80%	-
Whickham South & Sunnyside	>95%	*	92%	Higher	93%	-	94%	Higher	86%	-
Windy Nook & Whitehills	96%	-	93%	-	92%	-	88%	-	83%	-
Winlaton & High Spen	>95%	*	>95%	*	>95%	*	89%	-	86%	-
GATESHEAD	96%	-	92%	-	91%	-	87%	-	82%	-

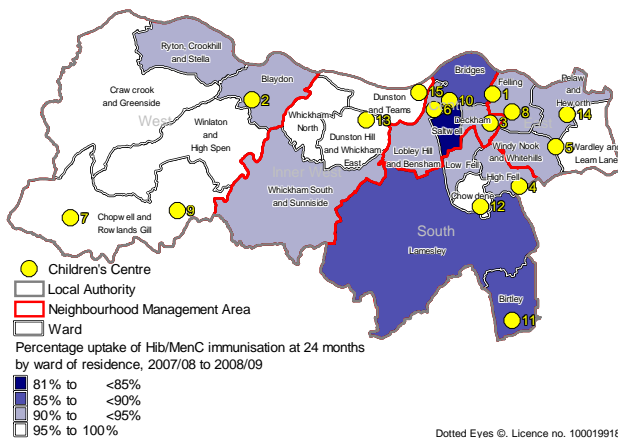
Source: NHS South of Tyne and Wear uptake >95% Higher/lower/- = significantly higher than/ lower than/ not significantly different to South Tyneside uptake at 95% confidence. >95% or *, exact % suppressed due to small numbers

19.3.15.7 Percentage uptake of selected immunisations by ward – 2007/08 to 2008/09

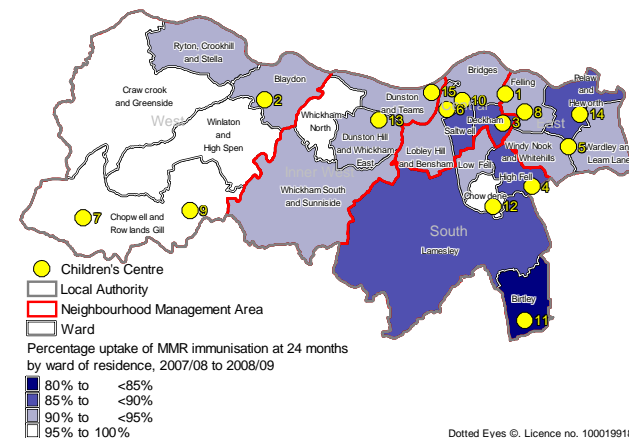
5 in 1 Immunisation - 12 months



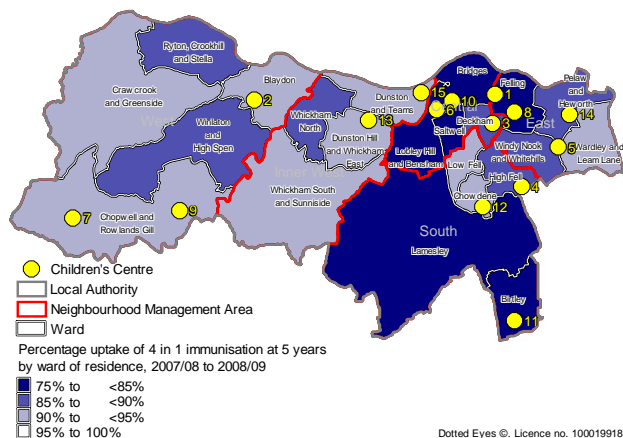
Hib/MenC – 24 months



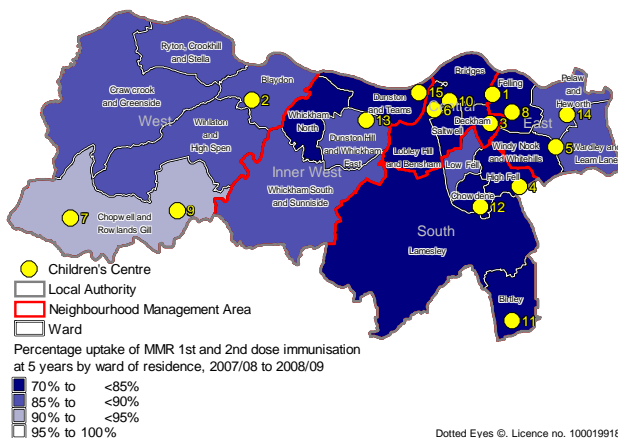
MMR – 24 months



4 in 1 Immunisation – 5 years



MMR 1st and 2nd dose – 5 years



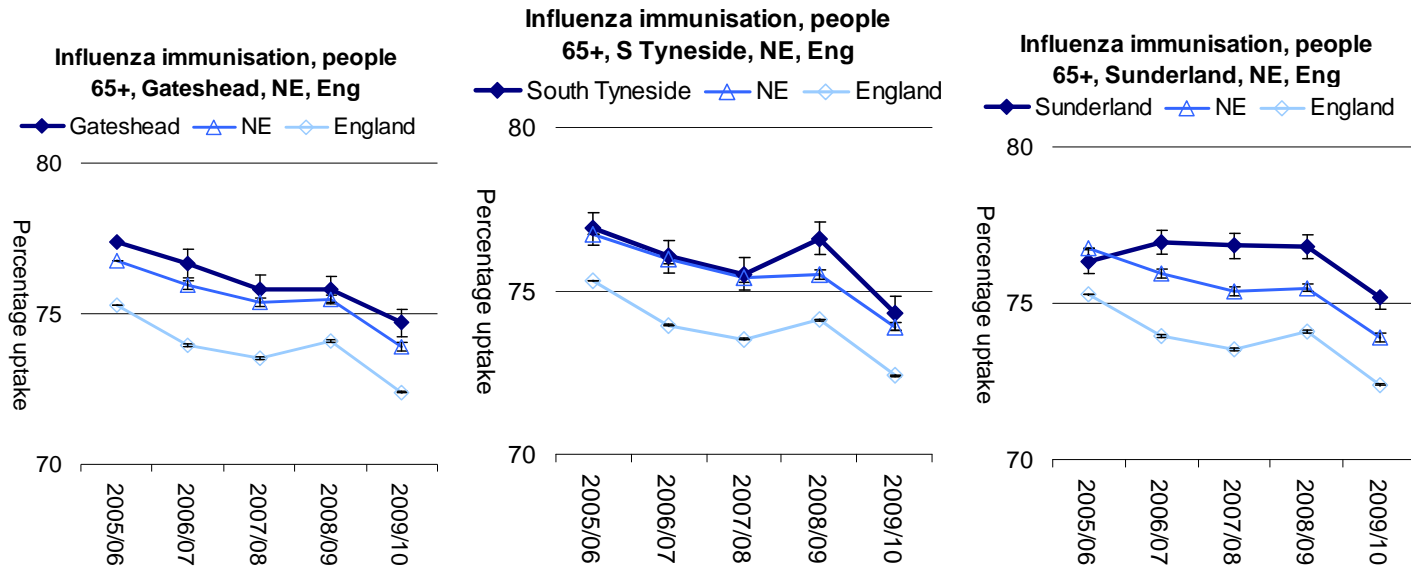
Legend

- <85%
- 85% to <90%
- 90% to <95%
- 95% to 100%



By displaying ward uptake for the different types of immunisation alongside each other it is easier to see those wards where uptake is low across all types of immunisation. It is also possible to see how the proportion immunised falls with age at immunisation.

19.3.16 Uptake of influenza immunisation among older people, 65 years and over



Year	Gateshead % Uptake	Gateshead People	South Tyneside % Uptake	South Tyneside People	Sunderland % Uptake	Sunderl and People	NE % Uptake	England % Uptake
2005/06	77.4	33,581	76.9	27,388	76.3	45,561	76.8	75.3
2006/07	76.7	33,557	76.0	27,232	77.0	45,655	76.0	73.9
2007/08	75.8	33,681	75.5	27,083	76.8	45,713	75.4	73.5
2008/09	75.8	33,689	76.6	27,087	76.8	45,932	75.5	74.1
2009/10	74.7	33,900	74.3	27,300	75.2	46,300	73.9	72.4

Source: NHS Information Centre at www.ic.nhs.uk. Figures for 2009/10 will be published in Nov 2010 (delayed from Sep).

Figures in bold are significantly higher or lower than England at 95% level of confidence

19.4 Drug users in effective treatment

19.4.1 Number in treatment

Number of people (adults and young people) in treatment for substance misuse. These figures do not include those people in treatment for alcohol misuse.

	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10
	Number in treatment at year end	Number in treatment at year end	Number in treatment at year end	Number in treatment at year end
Local Authority				
Gateshead	1,159	1,310	1,241	1,204
South Tyneside	744	783	924	921
Sunderland	1,038	1,377	1,342	1,387

Source: National Treatment Agency

19.4.2 Findings from needs assessment

Some of the key findings of the Young People's Substance Misuse Treatment System Needs Assessment carried out to inform the service for 2009/10 the [needs assessment carried out to inform the service for 2010/11](#), were as follows:

- Around 280 young people accessed the service in 2007/08, falling to around 250 in 2008/09.
- In comparison to the numbers accessing treatment, there has been a steady increase of new presentations to the treatment system.
- Future demand is likely to increase with the ongoing marketing and promotion of the service and the official launch of treatment services for young people planned for early in 2009
- Discharge levels are slightly lower than new presentations, accounting for a steady swelling of numbers in treatment.
- In 2008/09, Criminal Justice services were the biggest source of referrals, followed by children and family services

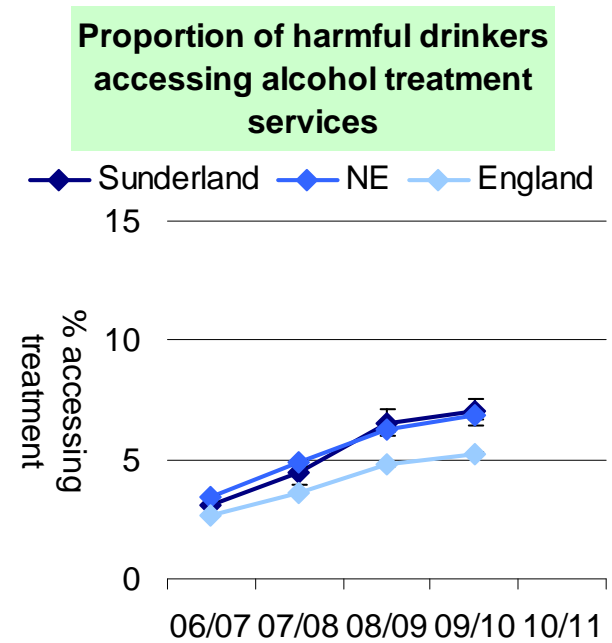
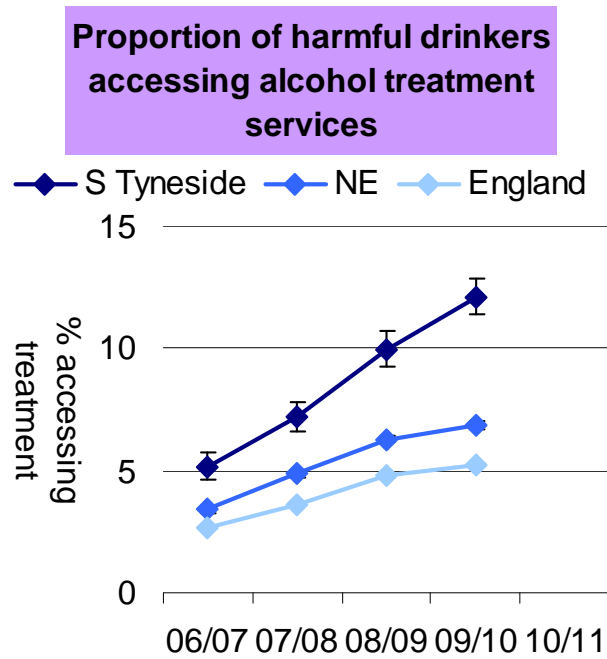
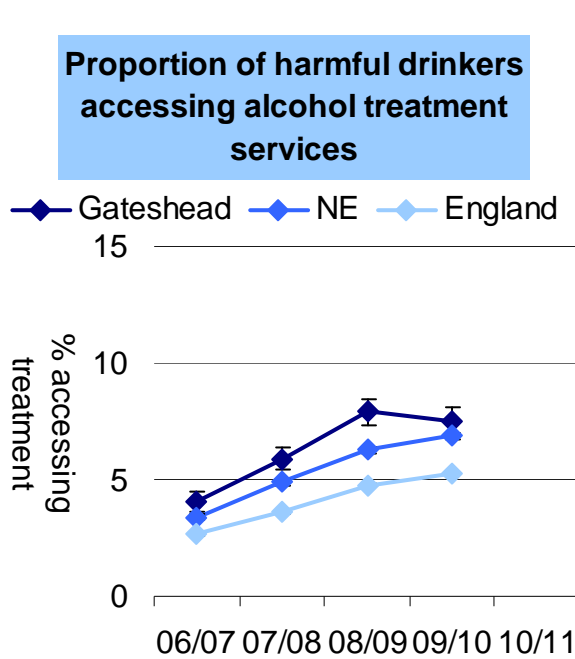
The success of treatment delivered by SMART appears to be highly effective, with 80% of clients leaving in a planned manner with a further 9% leaving treatment via referral. 5% (14) of clients did not receive a care plan – of these 71% (10) were discharged in an unplanned way.

19.4.3 Drug-related deaths amongst service users

Of those whose cases were reviewed in 2009, 73% were either in or had been in treatment and on methadone.

19.5 Harmful drinkers accessing treatment

19.5.1 Number of people and proportion of harmful drinkers accessing structured alcohol treatment services



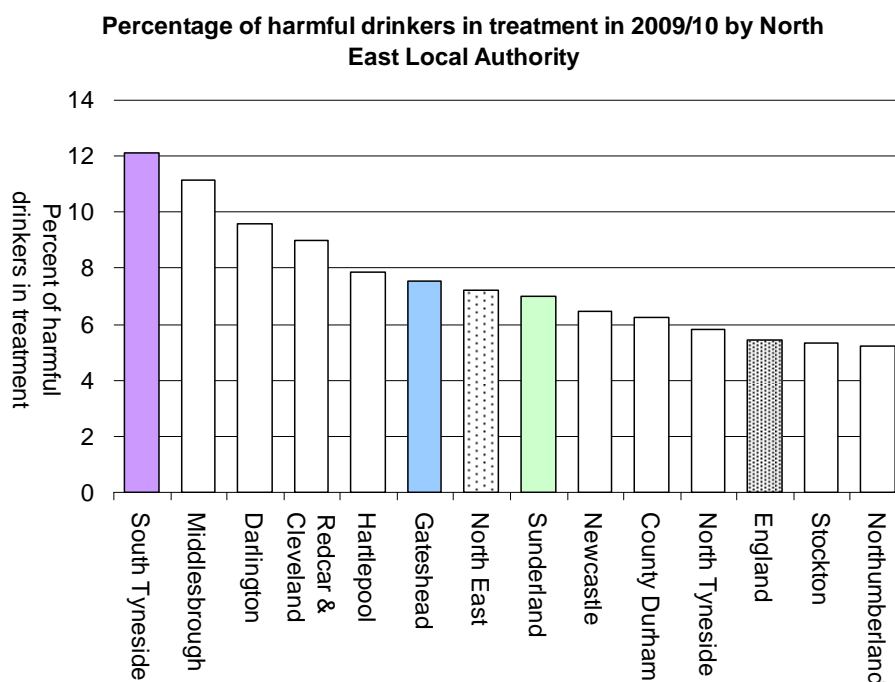
Number of people and proportion of harmful drinkers accessing structured alcohol treatment services (cont.)

Year	Gateshead Number in treatment	Gateshead % of harmful drinkers in treatment	S Tyneside Number in treatment	S Tyneside % of harmful drinkers in treatment	Sunderland Number in treatment	Sunderland % of harmful drinkers in treatment	North East % of harmful drinkers in treatment	England % of harmful drinkers in treatment
2006/07	344	4.0	356	5.2	405	3.1	3.4	2.6
2007/08	507	5.9	499	7.2	575	4.4	4.9	3.6
2008/09	682	7.9	694	10.0	849	6.5	6.3	4.8
2009/10	651	7.5	854	12.1	916	7.0	6.9	5.3
2010/11								

Source: Number in treatment, National Treatment Agency at www.nta.nhs.uk; % of harmful drinkers in treatment, calculated from 2005-based synthetic estimates of the percentage of harmful drinkers by English Local Authority, North West Public Health Observatory, Local Alcohol Profiles for England available at <http://www.nwph.net/alcohol/lape/> and mid-year population estimates, Office for National Statistics

These data are part of a more detailed local Substance Misuse Needs Assessment which is undertaken annually. For further details, contact Joint Commissioning Manager, Social Services Department, Gateshead Civic Centre, Regent Street, Gateshead NE8 1HH, tel 0191 433 2366.

19.5.2 Percentage of harmful drinkers in treatments, NE Local Authority



Source: North East Public Health Observatory (2009) "Specialist Alcohol Treatment in the North East – Occasional Paper no. 33"

Percentage of harmful drinkers in treatment in 2009/10 by North East Local Authority

PCT	No. in treatment, year to 30/09/2008	Pop. 16+ years (ONS mid-year 2009)	2005-synthetic estimate of % of harmful	Harmful drinkers (synthetic estimate)*	% of harmful drinkers in treatment
Northumberland	608	258,100	4.5	11,644	5.2
Newcastle	964	238,700	6.2	14,918	6.5
North Tyneside	503	162,300	5.3	8,616	5.8
Gateshead	651	157,100	5.5	8,647	7.5
South Tyneside	854	126,000	5.6	7,036	12.1
Sunderland	916	232,200	5.6	13,087	7.0
County Durham	1,461	418,200	5.6	23,389	6.2
Darlington	398	81,200	5.1	4,153	9.6
Stockton	459	153,800	5.6	8,575	5.4
Middlesbrough	795	113,000	6.3	7,128	11.2
Hartlepool	349	72,900	6.1	4,450	7.8
Redcar & Cleveland	573	112,300	5.7	6,355	9.0
North East	8,531	2,125,700	5.5	117,913	7.2
England	115,246	42,105,300	5.0	2,119,665	5.4

Source: North East Public Health Observatory (2009) "Specialist Alcohol Treatment in the North East - Occasional Paper no. 33"

19.6 Health services and North East Learning Disabilities

A self-assessment performance framework on local health services was produced in 2009, to assess progress against a set of targets. Key findings were as follows:

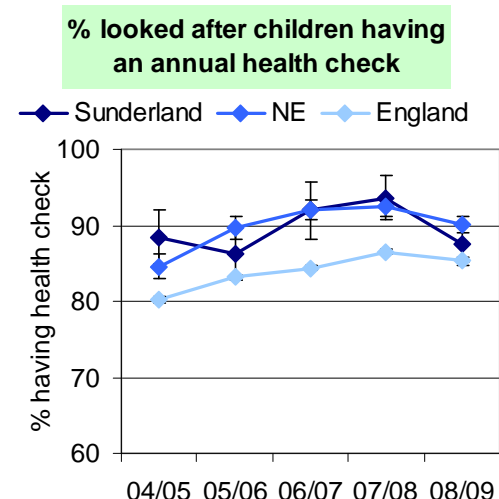
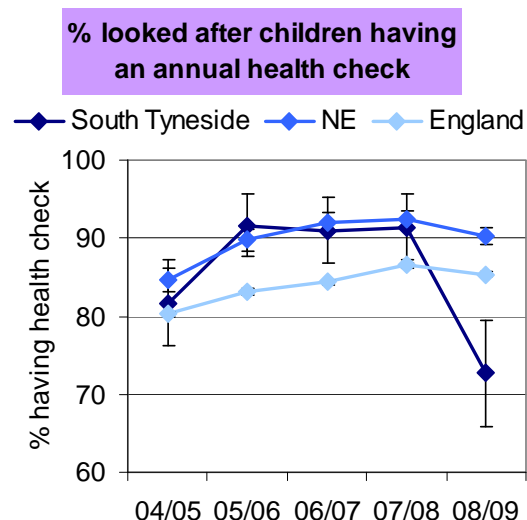
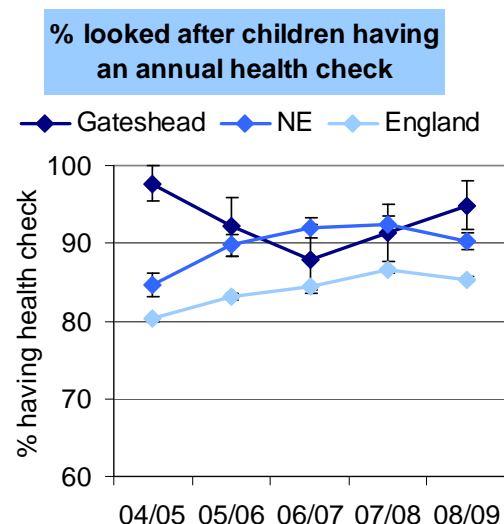
- Good progress is being made around the closure of campus homes and the resettlement of people with learning disability;
- Progress was neither good nor bad around joint working to ensure that people with a learning disability can use the same health services and get the same treatment as everybody else. Focus is needed on BME communities and on correct GP records to enable tracking of patients with complex needs;
- Progress was neither good nor bad around the safety of people with a learning disability in National Health Services. One aim is to develop a system so that the acute hospital can identify specific concerns about people with a learning disability;
- Progress was neither good nor bad around improving services and creating more opportunities for people with a learning disability. There is a need to ensure that the partnership board is aware of the number of admissions, discharge, readmission and the outcomes for people receiving in patient services. There is a need to engage much better with the “special” schools and the Council’s strategic leads. Engagement with people and their families is also essential. Better inclusion of learning disability issues is needed in work around older people’s strategies and emotional health strategies. Work should also be undertaken to understand how the outcomes of the regional workforce strategy can be implemented in Gateshead.

19.7 Services for disabled children

There is known to be duplication in services with both health and social care funding occupational therapy services and short breaks. Potentially:

- Available services do not match needs of individual children and their families.
- There is a lack of clarity for providers as to which services are provided by each team for example in relation to equipment and home adaptations.
- There is a lack of continuity for children and families.

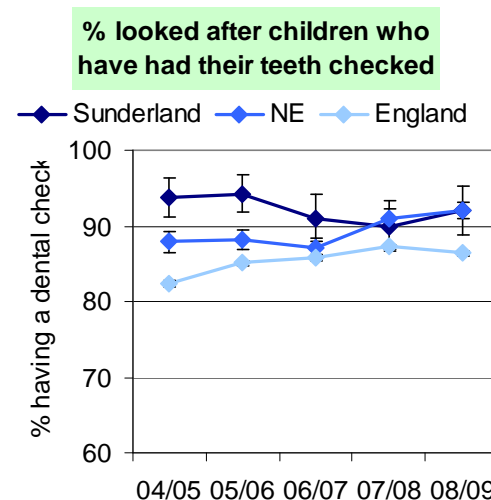
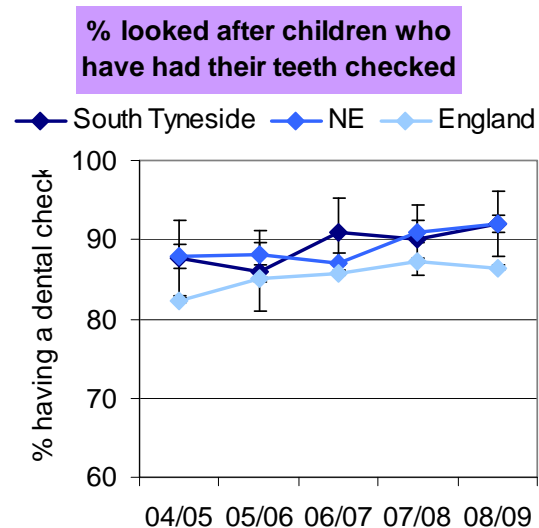
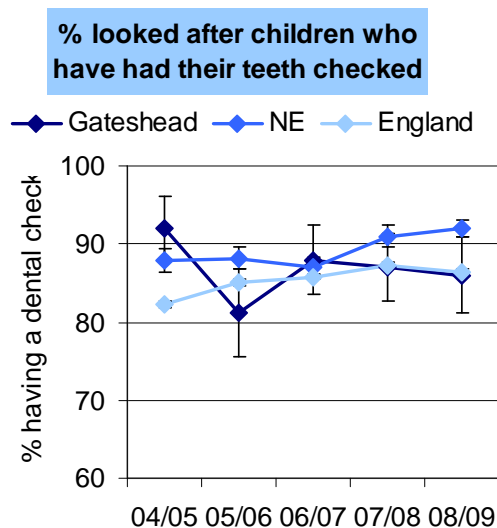
19.8 Percentage of looked after children who have received an annual health check



Year	Gateshead % having annual health check	Gateshead children	South Tyneside % having annual health check	South Tyneside children	Sunderland % having annual health check	Sunderland children	NE % having annual health check	England % having annual health check
04/05	98	175	82	185	88	335	85	80.2
05/06	92	190	92	180	86	330	90	83.2
06/07	88	215	91	180	92	330	92	84.4
07/08	91	230	91	175	94	315	92	86.5
08/09	95	195	73	165	87	280	90	85.4

Source: Department for Children, Schools and Families (DCSF) at www.dcsf.gov.uk. Figures for year ending 30th Sept. 2010 will be published in April 2011

19.9 Percentage of looked after children who have received an annual dental check by a dentist



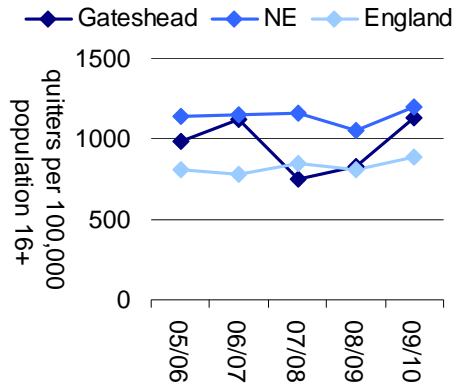
Year	Gateshead % having annual dental check	Gateshead children	South Tyneside % having annual dental check	South Tyneside children	Sunderland % having annual dental check	Sunderland children	NE % having annual dental check	England % having annual dental check
04/05	92	175	88	185	94	335	88	82.3
05/06	81	190	86	180	94	330	88	85.1
06/07	88	215	91	180	91	330	87	85.8
07/08	87	230	90	175	90	315	91	87.3
08/09	86	195	92	165	92	280	92	86.4

Source: Department for Children, Schools and Families (DCSF) at www.dcsf.gov.uk. Figures for year ending 30th Sept. 2010 will be published in April 2011

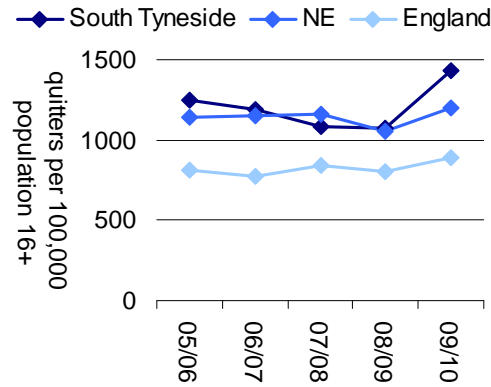
19.10 NHS Stop Smoking Services

19.10.1 Number of people accessing NHS Stop Smoking Services and success rate at four weeks

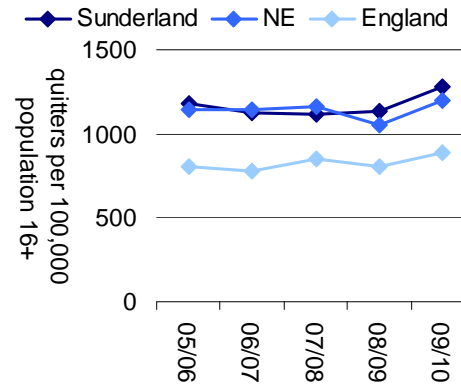
Rate of successful quitters per 100,000 population 16+



Rate of successful quitters per 100,000 population 16+



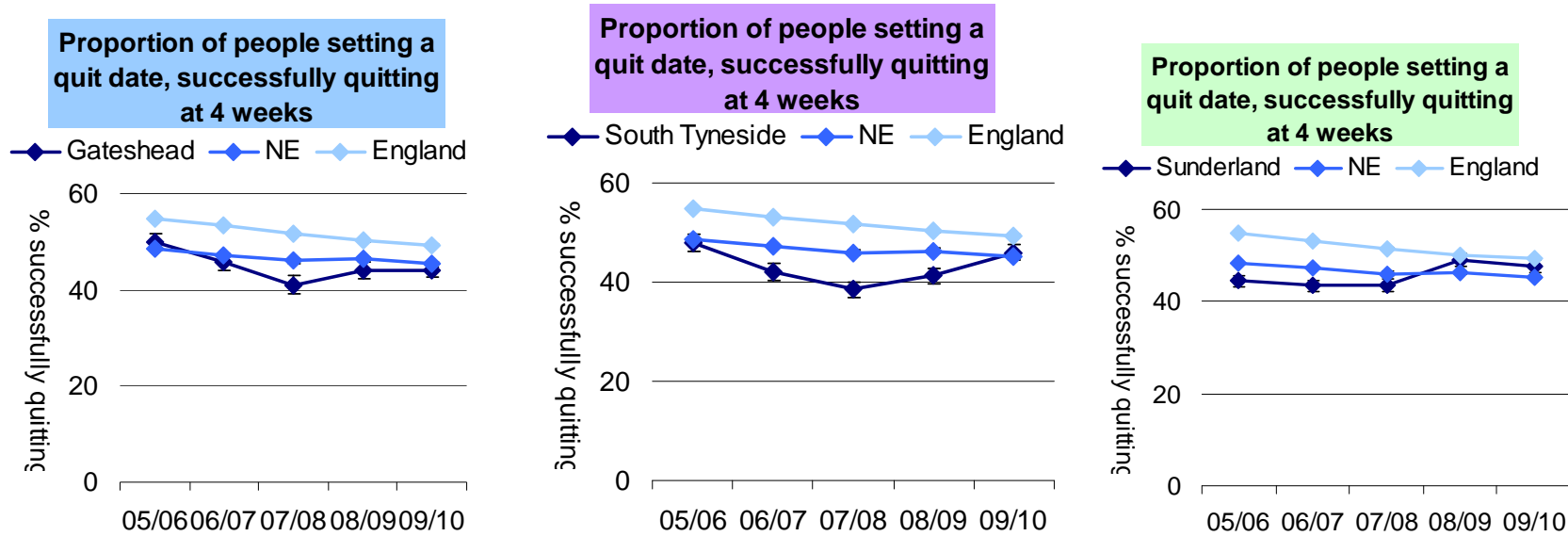
Rate of successful quitters per 100,000 population 16+



	Gateshead	Gateshead outh	Tyneside outh	Tyneside	Sunderland**	Sunderland	NE	England*
	Number of successful quitters at 4 weeks	Rate of successful quitters at 4 weeks per 100,000 population 16+	Number of successful quitters at 4 weeks	Rate of successful quitters at 4 weeks per 100,000 population 16+	Number of successful quitters at 4 weeks	Rate of successful quitters at 4 weeks per 100,000 population 16+	Rate of successful quitters at 4 weeks per 100,000 population 16+	Rate of successful quitters at 4 weeks per 100,000 population 16+
05/06	1530	986	1528	1246	2707	1181	1141	809
06/07	1736	1118	1469	1194	2585	1124	1148	778
07/08	1168	747	1347	1086	2557	1113	1164	847
08/09	1296	826	1346	1078	2604	1130	1056	807
09/10	1780	1133	1805	1433	2981	1284	1199	888

Source: NHS Information Centre, "Statistics on NHS Stop Smoking Services", published annually in August for the previous financial year, available at www.ic.nhs.uk

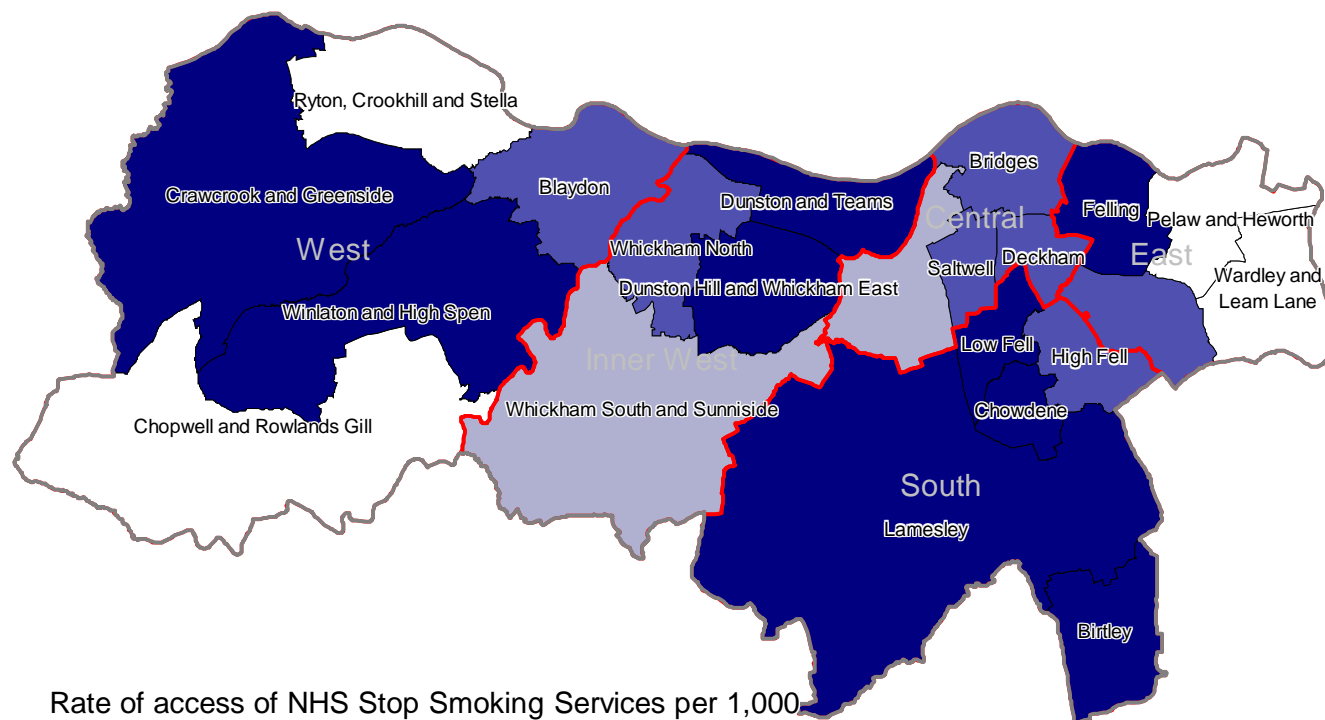
19.10.2 Proportion of people setting a quit date, successfully quitting at 4 weeks



	Gateshead Number of successful quitters at 4 weeks	Gateshead % successfully quit at 4 weeks	S Tyneside Number of successful quitters at 4 weeks	S Tyneside % successfully quit at 4 weeks	Sunderland Number of successful quitters at 4 weeks	Sunderland % successfully quit at 4 weeks	NE % successfully quit at 4 weeks	England % successfully quit at 4 weeks
05/06	1530	50	1528	48	2707	45	49	55
06/07	1736	46	1469	42	2585	43	47	53
07/08	1168	41	1347	39	2557	43	46	52
08/09	1296	44	1346	41	2604	49	46	50
09/10	1780	44	1805	46	2981	48	45	49

Source: NHS Information Centre, "Statistics on NHS Stop Smoking Services", published annually in August for the previous financial year, available at www.ic.nhs.uk

19.10.3 Rate of people accessing NHS Stop Smoking Services by Gateshead ward, 2007/08

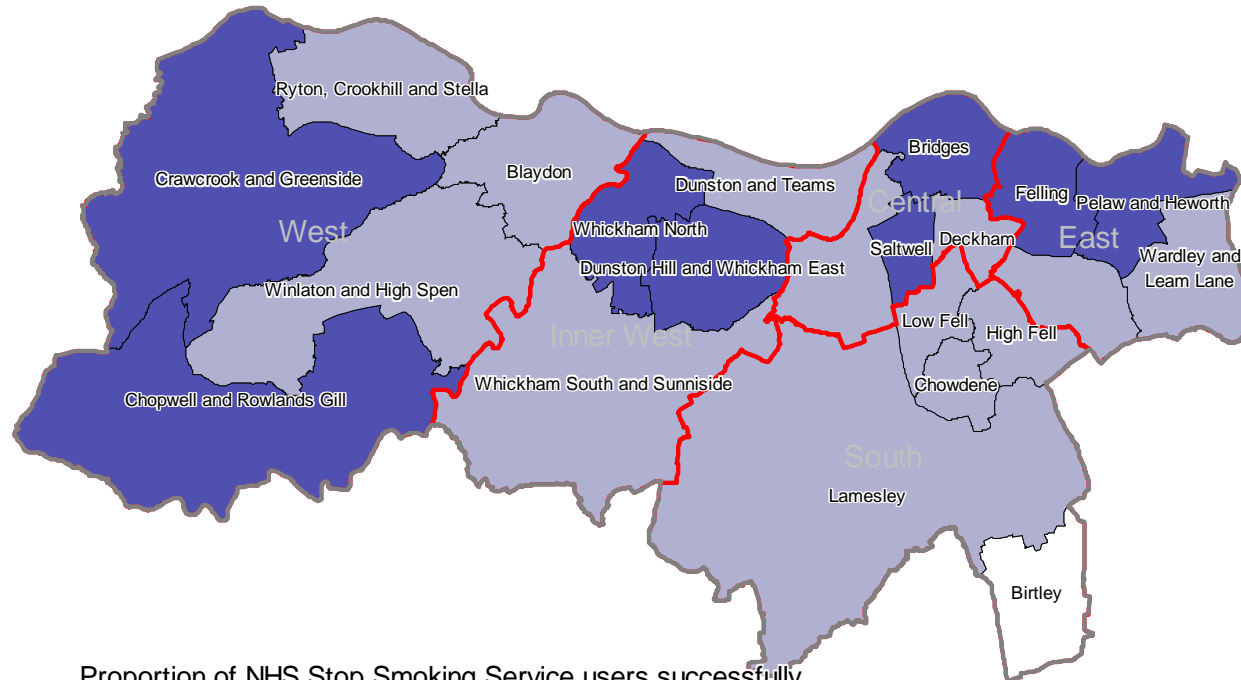


Rate of access of NHS Stop Smoking Services per 1,000 smokers 2007/08 - wards compared with Gateshead average

- Significantly lower at 95% confidence (24 to <57)
- Lower (57 to <71)
- Higher (71 to <90)
- Significantly higher at 95% confidence (90 to 110)

Source: NHS South of Tyne and Wear (2009) "Are Stop Smoking Services Being Accessed Fairly in Gateshead", available at www.cehi.org.uk/2010/03/are_stop_smoking_services_bein.html

19.10.4 Percentage of people accessing NHS Stop Smoking Services setting a quit date who successfully quit at four weeks by Gateshead ward, 2007/08



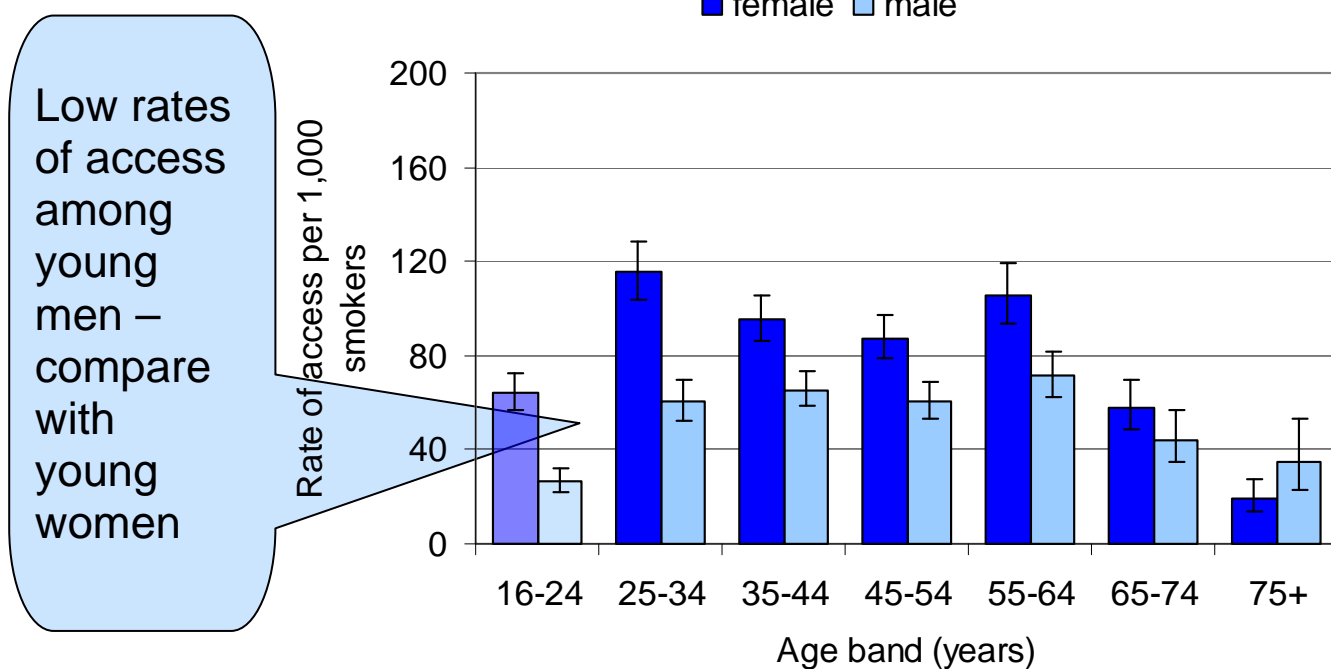
Proportion of NHS Stop Smoking Service users successfully quitting at 4 weeks, wards compared with Gateshead average 2007/08

- Significantly lower at 95% confidence
- Lower (31% to <40%)
- Higher (40% to <54%)
- Significantly higher (68%)

Source: NHS South of Tyne and Wear (2009) "Are Stop Smoking Services Being Accessed Fairly in Gateshead", available at www.cehi.org.uk/2010/03/are_stop_smoking_services_bein.html

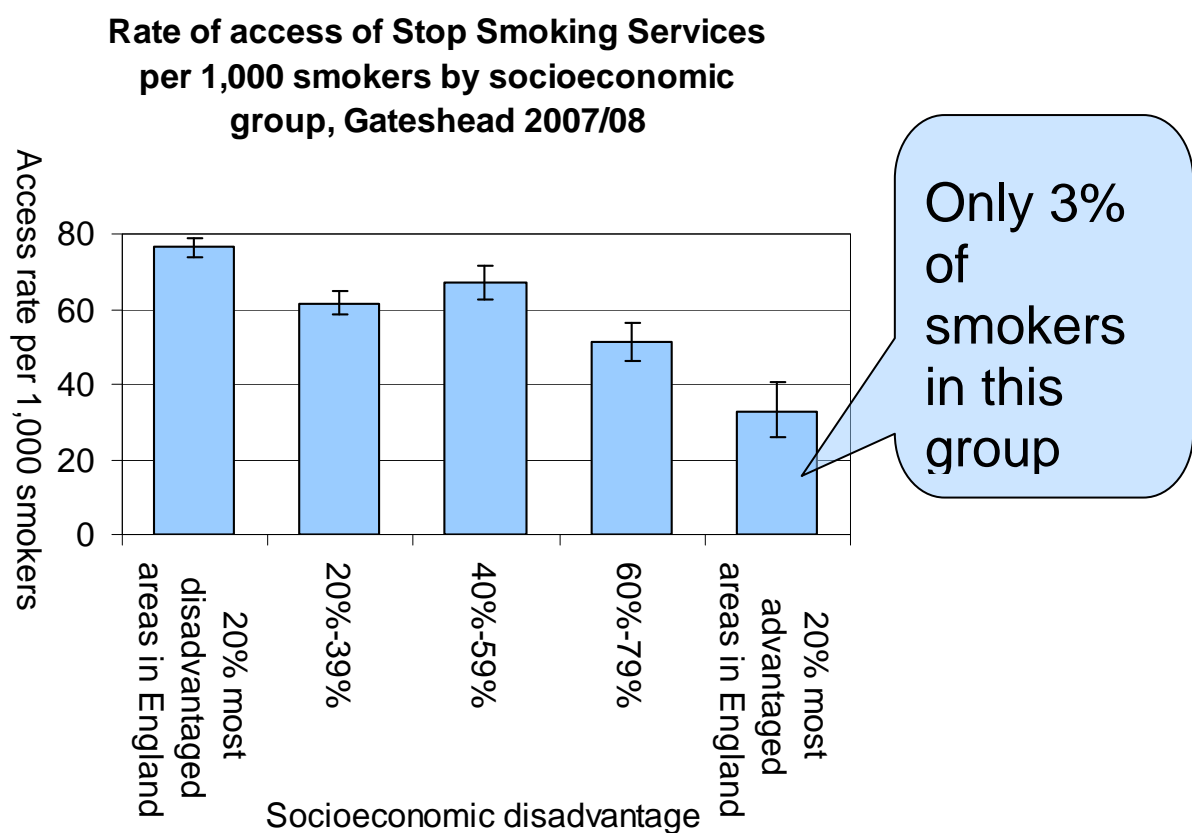
19.10.5 Rate of people accessing NHS Stop Smoking Services per 1,000 smokers by age and gender

Rate of access of NHS Stop Smoking Service in Gateshead in 2007/08 per 1,000 smokers by age and gender



Source: NHS South of Tyne and Wear (2009) "Are Stop Smoking Services Being Accessed Fairly in Gateshead", available at www.cehi.org.uk/2010/03/are_stop_smoking_services_bein.html

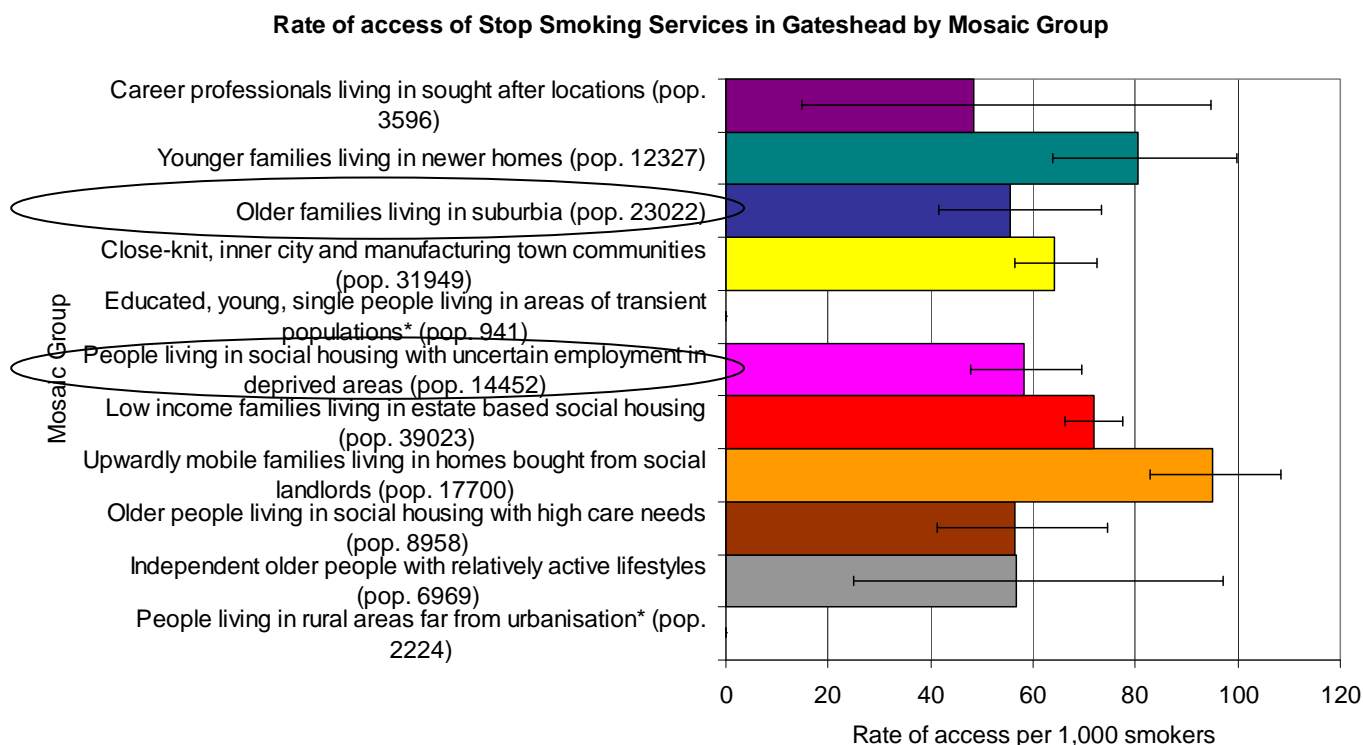
19.10.6 Rate of people accessing NHS Stop Smoking Services, by socio-economic group



Source: NHS South of Tyne and Wear (2009) "Are Stop Smoking Services Being Accessed Fairly in Gateshead", available at www.cehi.org.uk/2010/03/are_stop_smoking_services_bein.html

19.10.7 Rate of people accessing NHS Stop Smoking Services per 1,000 smokers by Mosaic® geodemographic group

The circled groups are those where rates of access are low compared to the number of smokers within the group, and where there are a large number of people within the group.



Source: NHS South of Tyne and Wear (2009) "Are Stop Smoking Services Being Accessed Fairly in Gateshead", available at www.cehi.org.uk/2010/03/are_stop_smoking_services_bein.html

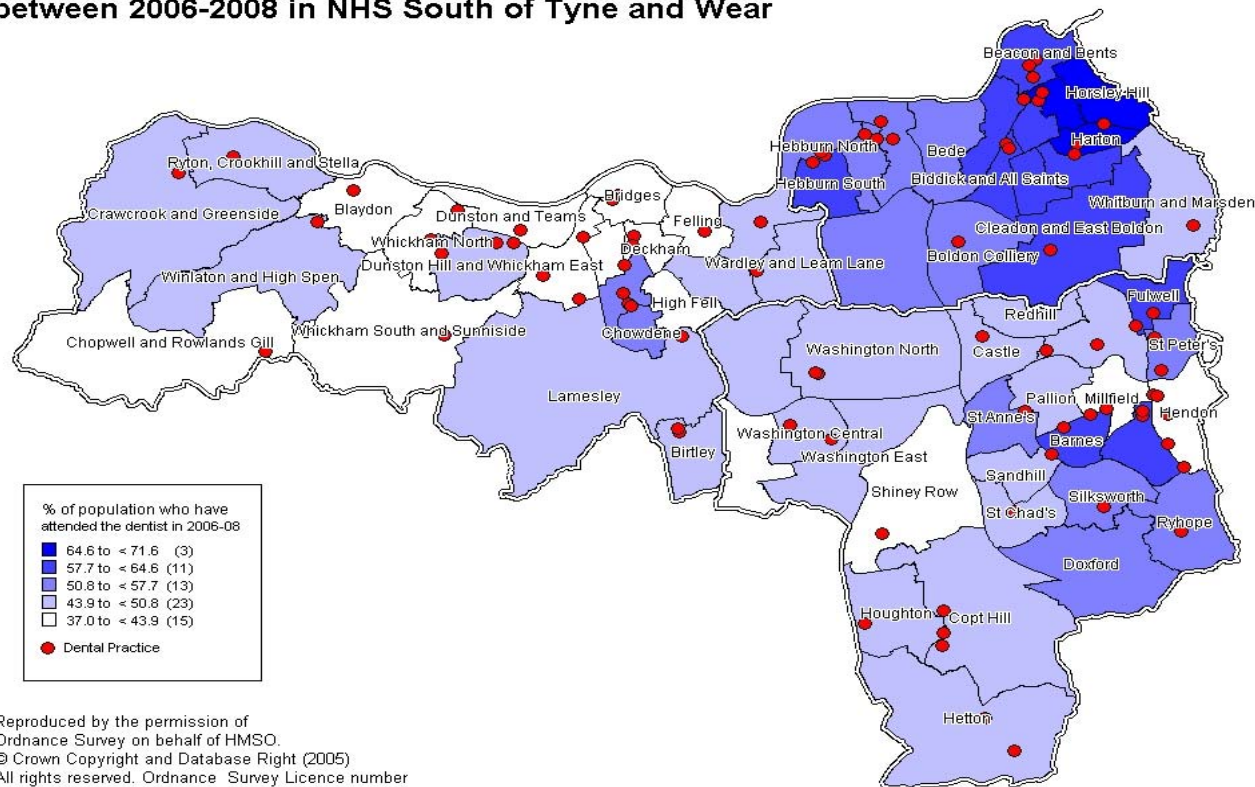
19.11 Access by migrants to services

For a number of reasons, including barriers relating to culture and language, asylum seekers, refugees, refused asylum seekers and other migrant groups might not be able easily to make use of services. Women tend to have even greater difficulties in access. (See also JSNA section 3 (minority groups needs assessments) and [SoTW mental health needs](#) assessment and [BME mental health needs assessments](#)).

19.12 Uptake of dental services

19.12.1 Percentage of population attending dentist 2006-2008, NHS SoTW wards

Percentage of the population who attended the dentist between 2006-2008 in NHS South of Tyne and Wear



19.12.2 Inequalities in visits to dentists

Locally the percentage of patients attending a dentist is higher than the national and North East SHA percentage. (Gateshead 63% compared favourably with England's 54% in 2007. It is now harder to estimate because there is no longer the same requirement to register with a dentist. However, the map above identifies that there are wards within the three PCTs where the percentage of the population receiving primary care dental services in a 24 month period from 1st April 2006 – 31st March 2008 is significantly lower. Some of the identified inequalities in dentist attendance are as follows:

- Among children from social classes IV and V 13% of 5 year old children had never visited the dentist compared with 2% of children from social classes I, II and III non-manual.
- 92% of 5 year olds whose mother reported attending the dentist regularly had first visited the dentist before the age of 5 compared with 55% of children whose mother reported only attending when experiencing symptoms.
- 69% of 5 year olds whose mother was a regular attendee were themselves regular attendees compared with only 26% of those whose mother was a symptomatic attendee.
- The proportion of 5 year olds visiting because they were having trouble with their teeth was higher among routine and manual occupational groups (15%) compared with managerial and professional groups (8%).

19.12.3 Primary Care Dental Service Provision

The following table shows provision across South of Tyne and Wear as at 1st April 2008

PCT	Number of contracts		Number of dentists		Type of Contracts				NO. of accredited vocational training practices with trainees in 2007/08	
	GDS	PDS	Number	Wte	Full Contracts	Exempt Adult & Children	Children Only Contracts	Orthodontic Contracts	GPTs	VTs
Gateshead	11	18	79	50.4	24	3	1	1	1	1
South Tyneside	4	13	70	55.1	17	0	0	0	5	4
Sunderland	16	14	102	72.6	26	2	1	1	1	5

The information in 19.12 comes from the [strategy for improving oral health](#) across NHS South of Tyne and Wear 2008-2011. (See also section 19.9 above for proportion of looked-after children receiving annual dental checks.)